

COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM Albany, Oregon

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2013

Martha Lyon Executive Director

Prepared by Debbie Jackson, CPA, CFE Finance Director

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COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

GOVERNING BOARD

Member

Benton County Commissioner's Office Corvallis, Oregon 97339 Annabelle Jaramillo Jay Dixon Linda Modrell

Lincoln County Commissioner's Office Newport, Oregon 97365 Bill Hall Doug Hunt Terry Thompson

Linn County Commissioner's Office Albany, Oregon 97321 Will Tucker John Lindsey Roger Nyquist Title

Board Chair and Executive Committee Board Member Board Member

Board Member and Executive Committee Board Member Board Member

Board Vice-Chair and Executive Committee Board Member Board Member

OFFICER

Martha Lyon Executive Director

Debbie Jackson, CPA, CFE Finance Director

Community Services Consortium 250 Broadalbin Street SW, Suite 2A Albany, Oregon 97321-2299

Helping People. Changing Lives.



January 24, 2014

CSC Governing Board The Citizens of Benton, Linn and Lincoln Counties Community Action Advisory Council Head Start Policy Council Linn Benton Lincoln Workforce Investment Board

Community Services Consortium

250 Broadalbin St. SW, Ste 2A Albany, OR 97321-2299

Uncertainty and delay in federal budgeting and appropriations continued to plague agencies like CSC whose main source of revenue has been state and federal funding. 2011-12 sequestration cuts were not finalized until well after our 2012-13 budget was set---making that document a nearly useless tool. Management and financial staff worked doubly hard to stay on top of expenditures and did another fine job with no department expenditures exceeding available funding.

We did revise some program offerings and the Retired Senior Volunteer Program moved to a partner agency without loss of service to our communities. Meanwhile, we persisted on our fund development strategy, expanding the Barrel to Keg Relay race and improving our website to better communicate with community supporters. Agency donations have begun to grow as well as donations to programs. Although this is currently a small portion of our overall funding, it is one that is increasingly important as state and federal funds dwindle. For some programs, donations are a mainstay.

For example, our partners keep Linn Benton Food Share afloat. Since demand for food assistance has continued to increase even after the formal end of the recession, we are grateful to our fundraising partners large and small, and to local growers and distributors for assuring that we can meet our promise that "Everybody Eats" in Linn and Benton counties.

We have entered the 13-14 program year with yet another battle over budgeting and appropriations in Washington, D.C. As of the writing of this letter, we have absorbed the last sequester cuts and are now beginning strategic planning to deal with the next rounds of funding reductions.

We are working closely with our partners to maintain core services and continue to meet our goal of "Helping People. Changing Lives."

Martha Lyon Executive Director

Albany Regional Office 250 Broadalbin St. SW, Suite 2A Albany, OR 97321 541.928.6335 **Corvallis Regional Office** 545 SW 2nd St., Suite A Corvallis, OR 97333 541.752.1010 Lebanon Regional Office 380 Market St. Lebanon, OR 97355 541.451.1071 Newport Regional Office 120 NW Avery St. Newport, OR 97365 541,265,8505 Lincoln County Head Start 2130 SW Lee St., P.O. Box G Lincoln City, OR 97367 541.996.3028

INTRODUCTION

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Community Services Consortium (CSC) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is hereby submitted. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Community Services Consortium and specifies that the responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with CSC. It is believed that the data is accurate in all material aspects and is presented in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of CSC operations as measured by financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of CSC's financial activities are included. The financial statements are presented annually for independent audit, in accordance with requirements set forth in the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996, and with Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

In providing a reasonable basis for making these representations, the adequacy of CSC's accounting system and the internal accounting controls are key factors. CSC has established internal accounting controls and a framework of procedures that are designed and monitored to both protect CSC's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of CSC's financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and to comply with various federal and state compliance requirements for grant accounting. The controls and procedures are intended and designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, CSC's internal controls and procedures adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance that financial transactions are properly recorded and monitored.

CSC's financial statements have been audited by Grove, Mueller & Swank PC, a firm of licensed certified public accounts, with the audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the CSC's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an **unmodified opinion** that CSC's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As in previous years, this report has been prepared following the guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada. It is our belief that the accompanying financial report continues to meet those program standards and this report will be submitted to the GFOA for review. In accordance with those guidelines, this report consists of five sections:

- 1. Introductory Section including the letters of transmittal, CSC's organizational chart, a list of principal officers, and a copy of the GFOA Certificate for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the June 30, 2012 report (the **twenty-first** year this award has been received).
- 2. Financial Section including the independent auditor's report on the financial statements and schedules; management's discussion and analysis (MD&A); combined financial statements including the general purpose financial statements and notes; and supplementary data including combining individual financial statements and schedules.

- 3. Statistical Section including un-audited financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.
- 4. State Compliance Section including financial related comments and disclosures required by the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.
- 5. The Federal Compliance Section including the results of the annual Single Audit required in conformity with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations". Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the schedule of findings and questioned costs, and the auditor's reports on compliance and the internal control over compliance is included.

Specific attention is encouraged toward management's discussion and analysis of the basic financial statements located in the Financial Section. The purpose of the MD&A is to analyze CSC's overall financial position and the results of its operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

CSC's VISION & MISSION

CSC's goal is that every individual and family will have an opportunity to become economically stable with a safe, warm, decent place to live, nutritious food, access to quality education and training and the best job their skills will support. - We are guided by our vision, mission and philosophy.

Our Vision: To end poverty in Linn, Benton and Lincoln counties. While a vision typically describes where we want to go, our focus groups were insistent that we use the "ugly poverty word" to remind ourselves that poverty exists in our midst. To those who say ending poverty is impossible, planning participants respond that it IS impossible if we don't make it our goal.

Our mission defines the path to achieve our vision. The importance of working in partnership on long-term improvement was a key theme. Our community fortunes rise and fall together and we know that the fight to end poverty requires participation and collaboration from every resident. Thus, we stressed these elements in a new statement of our purpose:

Our Mission: In partnership with a caring community, we help people in Linn, Benton and Lincoln counties to access tools and resources to overcome poverty and build brighter and more stable futures.

Our philosophy is unchanged, affirming our agency-wide belief in the capability of individuals and families in Linn, Benton and Lincoln counties.

Our Philosophy: We believe people are capable of great things when offered the proper tools. We treat each client with dignity and respect, and offer a supportive setting where each person learns and develops new skills.

We want to be a part of a continuum of services, using our talents where they fit best into the community. After much examination of our community and the strengths of our agency, we selected focus areas. These areas may change as needs change in the three counties, but our current priorities are set forth in this statement:

Our Focus: Our priorities, programs and core services are determined by assessing the changing needs of our communities. Our current priorities are:

- 1. Jobs and financial help;
- 2. Quality education and training;
- 3. Adequate food and nutrition; and,
- 4. Safe, decent and affordable housing.

DEFINITION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

Community Services Consortium is part of a national network of over one thousand community action agencies fighting to ameliorate the effects and stop the growth of poverty. Within the state of Oregon, we are part of the Community Action Partners of Oregon network as well as support to the Region IV Workforce Investment Board. Locally, we work with our partners to help individuals and families in Linn, Benton, and Lincoln counties to build better lives, an effort which, in turn, builds stronger more vibrant communities.

CSC was formed by the governments of Linn, Benton and Lincoln counties in July, 1980 to coordinate the planning and delivery of social services to residents of the three counties. The agency was formed by the merger of three organizations: the Community Action Agency, the Comprehensive Youth Program and the Linn-Benton-Lincoln Manpower Consortium.

It operates as a public, not-for-profit instrumentality of government (a Council of Governments) under Oregon Revised Statute Section 190.

CSC is a grant-based entity. Our major sources of funding are secured by applying for and acquiring federal, state, and local grants and donations. In the current economic climate, with tightening resources at all levels, it is important to note that CSC is not a part of any county government's budget and has no permanent tax base to raise resources.

During some portion of this fiscal year, the Board of Directors of CSC also served as the Board for five non-profit corporations that are tax-exempt under Internal Revenue code Section 501(c)(3) and are not considered private foundations. These private non-profit corporations utilized CSC as the administrator and fiscal agent of the programs and allowed the agency to apply for funds not otherwise available to CSC as a municipal corporation. Because of this financial accountability, the activities of five non-profit corporations are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Community Services Consortium.

Linn Benton Food Share (LBFS) was formed in 1989 and acts as a Regional Coordinating Agency distributing privately donated and USDA foods to qualified agencies in Linn and Benton counties. Community Housing Services (CHS) was formed in 2000 to respond to requirements of State directed Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds for housing rehabilitation in CSC's service area. (CHS was reorganized under a new board structure in 2013 and will be governed by a separate board) in FY14. Head Start in Lincoln County (HSLC) was formed in 2001 to apply for grants and receive donations to augment federal and state funding for CSC's Head Start program. Housing, Employment & Learning Programs for Self-Sufficiency (HELPS), was formed in 2003 to provide a funding vehicle for our Workforce & Education and Emergency Services Departments to apply for grants related to educational, workforce training, and programs to promote economic stability.

In FY08, CSC became the sponsor for the Retired and Senior Volunteer Program (RSVP) for Linn and Benton counties. These programs had been in existence since 1972 and formed their own non-profits around 1984. Two separate non-profits (Friends of the Retired Senior Volunteer Program of Linn County and Friends of Benton County R.S.V.P.) were merged as of 12/31/2007 and became **Linn-Benton Volunteers** – a fifth nonprofit under the CSC organizational umbrella. The activities of Linn-Benton Volunteers were transferred to another local council of governments during FY13, but operated within CSC for most of the year. and this non-profit will be dissolved after FY13.

Linn Benton Food Share is reported as a separate fund within CSC, while CHS, HSLC, HELPS and Linn Benton Volunteers are singular, separate grants (or smaller groups of grants) within the Housing and Energy Services fund, Child Development Services fund, Workforce and Education fund, and RSVP funds respectively.

CSC also served as the fiscal agent for the Region 4 Linn Benton Lincoln Workforce Investment Board (WIB) which oversees workforce programs. WIB programs are included under the umbrella of CSC's agency-wide audit and, with the approval of the WIA grantor, were reorganized within the functions of the Workforce and Education fund. They were previously represented as a separate grant under the Miscellaneous Grants Fund.

As the Community Action Agency for Benton, Lincoln, and Linn counties, CSC strives

To stimulate a better focusing of all available local, state, private and federal resources upon the goal of enabling low-income families and low-income individuals of all ages, in urban and rural areas, to attain skills, knowledge and motivations and secure the opportunities needed for them to become self-sufficient.

And:

To improve employability of the unemployed, identify employment opportunities and provide trained, ready and willing employees to meet businesses' employment needs.

CSC partners with three counties, nine school districts, two community colleges, one education service district, many incorporated cities, faith-based organizations and a variety of state, local and non-profit agencies within our service areas to meet the challenge of building economic stability and opportunity in our communities.

POLICY DETERMINATION

Policy direction is established by CSC's Governing Board, which is composed of the nine county commissioners of Linn, Benton and Lincoln counties. The Governing Board receives advice from three advisory councils:

- The 18 member Community Action Advisory Council (CAAC) provides advice on topics related to alleviating the conditions which cause and perpetuate poverty. The CAAC includes representatives of low-income citizens, local elected officials, and the general public.
- The 47 member Workforce Investment Board (WIB) provides advice on topics relevant to employment and training activities funded through WIA. As prescribed by law, the WIB includes representatives from area businesses, the general public, and private and public sector service providers.

• The 12-15 member Head Start Policy Council includes Head Start parent representatives and community representatives. The Policy Council provides input to Head Start staff and the Governing Board regarding approaches to fulfilling Head Start performance standards and the improvement of services for children and families.

All meetings of the Governing Board and advisory councils are open to the public. Public input is encouraged and welcomed. In addition, CSC actively solicits input on programs and issues from other internal advisory committees and external community sources.

BUDGET, FINANCIAL PLANNING AND CONTROL

The annual budget serves as the foundation for CSC's financial planning and control. With input from the Community Action Advisory Council, as well as other advisory bodies, all departments submit their strategic goals and corresponding budget requests to the Executive Director in March of each year. The Finance Director develops a proposed budget based on these requests and is presented to the Budget Committee (three CSC Executive Board members, and representatives from CSC's two advisory bodies – the Community Action Advisory Committee, and the Head Start Policy Council.) The Budget Committee reviews, revises and recommends approval of the budget during public budget meetings in May or June. The approved budget is then submitted for adoption by the CSC Governing Board in June, prior to the July 1st start of the fiscal year. The adopted budget sets appropriation amounts by the following categories – personal services, materials and services and capital outlay, and potentially, fund balances.

During the fiscal year, additional resources may become available. These changes in appropriation levels require adoption of a supplemental budget by the Governing Board. (These resources are usually not more than 10% of the previously adopted budget, and do not require reconvening the Budget Committee.) During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, CSC adopted two Supplemental Budgets.

FACTORS AFFECTING CSC'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

For over thirty three years, CSC has provided a wide array of services and programs to lowincome, at-risk, unemployed and/or underemployed residents. We serve thousands of children and adults who struggle with a variety of disadvantages that leave them especially vulnerable in times like our current economic crisis.

Although our American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funding has now ended, we are still seeing continued high needs for assistance. Unfortunately, we anticipate continued reductions in state and federal funding.

We will continue to pursue additional resources throughout the year, but must also maintain a fiscally conservative position against further potential funding cuts.

POVERTY IN THE U.S

Poverty in the U.S. is sharply rising, according to the Census Bureau. Its most recent survey data for 2012 showed that 15.7% of the population --- 47.8 million people were living in poverty --- compared to 2009 at 14.3% of the population --- 42.9 million people, compared to 2008 (just <u>before</u> the peak of the current crisis) or 13.2% of the population --- 39.8 million people ---were living in poverty, compared to 12.5% in 2007. This is the highest rate of poverty since 1997.

What is the federal poverty level (FPL) in 2013?

- \$23,550 for a family of four.
- \$19,530 for a family of three.
- \$15,510 for a family of two.

Is a poverty-level income enough to support a family?

Research suggests that, on average, families need an income equal to about **two times** the federal poverty level to meet their most basic needs. Families with incomes below this level are referred to as low income:

- \$47,100 for a family of four.
- \$39,060 for a family of three.
- \$31,020 for a family of two.

In 2012, 49 million (about 14.5 percent households) were food insecure – the highest number ever recorded in the U.S. More than 8.3 children (about 20% in America) live in food-insecure

households.¹ Oregon is ranked 17th in the nation in hunger. And, unfortunately, Oregon has the nations' 4th highest rate of childhood food insecurity at 30%. Oregon remains one of only 6 states where over 20% of the population relies on food stamps. In Linn and Lincoln counties, 1 in 4 residents utilizes this benefit.

LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK²

In 2012, Oregon ranked fortieth behind Florida among all states in unemployment at 8.7% unemployment and had 17.5 percent of residents living in poverty.

The American Community Survey for 2012 estimated that the percentage of individuals living in poverty in Benton, Linn and Lincoln counties was 23.4%, 19.8% and 15.6% respectively. Two of three counties in CSC's service area reflect a poverty rate significantly higher than the 2012 US average of 15.7% while Lincoln County may be lower due to persons leaving the county entirely due to lack of jobs.

Personal income is an important indicator of the economic health of an area since it represents what is available to spend on goods and services. When used with population data to create <u>per</u> <u>capita personal income</u>, this statistic becomes an indication of the relative prosperity of state or county residents.

BENTON COUNTY

Benton County encompasses 679 square miles and is the third smallest of Oregon's 36 counties. Based on the 2010 US Census data and information from the Center for Population Research at Portland State University, Benton County's July 1, 2013, population estimate was

¹ Calculated by USDA Economic Research Service using data from the December 2013 Current Population Survey Food Security Supplement.

² Sources for socio-economic and geographic information include: the 2010 US Census Bureau, *Oregon Blue Book;* the State of Oregon Employment Department' *Labor Trends,* etc.

86,785.³ According to the US Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis using 2012 data, per capita personal income (PCPI) in Benton County was \$39,880; approximately 2.0% higher than the statewide average of \$39,166.⁴ The unemployment rate for Benton County was estimated at 6.4% in 2013.

LINN COUNTY

Linn County encompasses 2,297 square miles and consists largely of small rural communities. Its July 1, 2013 population estimate was 118,035 with an estimated annual per capita personal income (PCPI) of \$30,984 in 2013, nearly 20% lower than the statewide average for the same year. Linn County has an estimated 19.8 percent of the population living in poverty The unemployment rate in Linn County is still among one of the highest in the state (with the exception of the eastern rural counties) and was estimated at 10.9% in 2012.

LINCOLN COUNTY

Lincoln County is located on the central Oregon coast and has an area of 992 square miles. The County's 2013 population estimate was 46,295. In 2012, the county's per capita personal income (PCPI) was \$36,374 or about 7% lower than the State wide average for the same year. Lincoln County had an estimated 15.6% of the population living in poverty in July 2012. By July 2013, Lincoln County's unemployment rate was 9.3%. As with other areas of the state, many jobs are in the service sectors with many dependent on the tourist industry.

CSC'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN 2013

The following departmental summaries present a picture of our challenges and accomplishments during the past fiscal year toward accomplishing our mission.

WORKFORCE & EDUCATION

The Workforce & Education (W&E) department is guided by the Linn, Benton, Lincoln Workforce Investment Board (LBL WIB). The LBL WIB is charged with developing strategy, priorities, and policies for most of the W&E department's programs and services. The W&E department works to respond to this direction as well as support the mission and priorities of CSC. The Workforce & Education department provides education (alternative high school and charter school), training (occupational, vocational, pre-apprenticeship, and basic skills), and employment (career guidance, job search, and job placement) programs and services. In order to tailor services to each participant, a comprehensive skills assessment is offered to all and supportive services are provided as needed to facilitate each participant's success.

Accomplishments

In 2012-2013, the LBL WIB completed the local workforce development strategic plan that was approved by the Oregon Workforce Investment Board in December 2012. As a part of this effort, the LBL WIB developed strategies around industry sectors, Certified Work Ready Communities, and system Innovation to improve alignment and effectiveness of workforce resources. The LBL WIB also developed and published a workforce system performance report

³ Portland State University Population and Research Center: July 1, 2013 release date.

⁴ Benton County, Oregon: Selected Economic Characteristics: 2010; Data Set: 2012 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Survey: American Community Survey.

that is updated quarterly and began work on a Healthcare Workforce Needs Assessment for the region to guide sector strategies.

All Youth programs worked to better combine education, work experience, and credential attainment, wherever applicable, and to develop a stronger linkage between youth and adult services. This internal alignment provided more robust services for youth and a better continuum of service for participants. In addition, effort continued to support and build capacity for core youth programs including a negotiated increase in the student cap (ADM) for Career Tech, expanded capacity of the Youth Garden through a partnership with the Children's Farm Home and Linn Benton Food Share, and the first Garden Gnome Run that expanded outreach and fundraising for the Garden operation. Finally, W&E successfully administered summer youth and year-round youth work experience projects in each county in the region. These programs provided employment and an opportunity to learn about work and working together for over 50 youth.

Training and skill development programs provided vocational and occupational skills training opportunities, including training in a variety of industries. A significant contributor to overall skill development was training provided through the Weatherization Training Center to over 170 participants leading to over 450 industry-recognized certificates including BPI Building Analyst, BPI Building Envelope Professional, Heating Professional, Duct Sealing, and lead inspection including a portion of FY 2011-2012. In addition, over 150 National Career Readiness Certificates were issued participants in these programs.

Adult programs, through WorkSource Oregon, facilitated the employment of over 6,000 participants in our region. W&E provided intensive employment services and supportive services having a direct link to employment for almost 200 participants, facilitated training-related-employment for over 100 participants through the Weatherization Training Center, provided about 20 participants throughout the region with on-the-job training opportunities (OJTs) in areas such as healthcare, software, green building, and manufacturing, and built on the success of the on-the-job training program by creating improved business relationships and outreach. Adult programs met or exceeded all employment-related state performance measures.

HOUSING and ENERGY SERVICES

The Housing and Energy Services Department helps low-income households achieve their goal of a safe, warm, decent place to call home.

Utility Assistance

CSC has administered the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) since 1978, when Congress found that the cost of home energy imposed a disproportionately large burden on fixed-income, lower-income, and lower middle-income households. Lower-income families often pay three to four times more of their income for energy than the average American family. Congress stated adequate home heating is a necessary aspect of shelter and the lack of home heating poses a threat to life, health and/or safety, and that low-income households often lack access to energy suppliers because of their structure and credit practices.

While the Federal Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) is our largest utility assistance program, it is also an easy target for Federal cost saving measures. Not only can program funds fluctuate significantly from year to year (6,100 households served in FY 2007-2008 vs. 10,193 households in FY 2009-2010), the program has started as early as October

and as late as January. CSC has worked to continue to educate our legislators and work with both private and public utilities to assist in bringing more stability to the program.

Today **CSC** is the utility assistance "One Stop / One Door agency". The One Stop approach decreases confusion, stress, and economic costs to clients. It allows CSC to utilize available funds as effectively as possible, matching client needs with the best and most effective opportunity to meet their needs. In Fiscal Year 2012-2013, we provided utility assistance to 12,297 households.

Clients are also provided with information and referrals to other services and benefits available through CSC and elsewhere in the community, further enhancing the value of their contact with CSC. **One stop. One application. Multiple resources to meet the need.**

Finally, Housing and Energy Services integrates long-term learning into safety net services. Clients are encouraged to conserve energy by taking part in four different levels of energy education services.

Accomplishments:

- Used Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) funds to reduce the winter heating costs of 6,261households and prevented 2,943 (47%)of those households from having their heat disconnected.
- Used private fuel fund monies to prevent 6,036 households from having their utilities disconnected.
- Provided 5,635 households with energy conservation education designed to assist them in reducing their household's energy burden and increase resources available to meet their other household needs.
- Provided energy education workshops to 134 households wanting to learn about energy conservation, saving money and installing self-help materials.
- Provided 140 households with an in-home energy audit.
- Determined eligibility for 214 City of Albany residential water customers to reduce their monthly water bill.
- Screened eligibility for 13 City of Corvallis residential water customers to prevent their water service from being disconnected.

Housing Programs

CSC's housing programs are part of a community continuum to ensure safe, decent, affordable housing for low-income residents. We provide emergency and transitional housing services to those who are homeless or at risk of homelessness, and supports to help others obtain and/or maintain housing. Households move toward economic stability by identifying and removing barriers, integrating services and developing plans for financial and personal stability.

Accomplishments:

- Provided 8,013 nights of shelter to women and children fleeing domestic violence situations and/or families with children who were homeless or at risk of becoming homeless. Three months after receiving assistance, 81.25% of those served were still in permanent housing.
- Provided an additional 11,755 nights of shelter to households who were homeless or at risk of becoming homeless. Three months after receiving assistance, 81% of those served will still be in permanent housing.

- Used Low Income Rental Housing Fund (LIRHF), Emergency Housing Assistance (EHA), Continuum of Care and matching HOME Tenant Based Assistance, (TBA) funds to provide 22,987 nights of transitional shelter to households who were homeless or at risk of homelessness and had a plan and the motivation to become self-sufficient. 100% of those enrolled did complete a case plan and 93% of those completing a case plan did take action on their identified barriers. 84.38% of the households were still residing in permanent housing 6 months after completing the program.
- Used Housing Plus funds to provide permanent supportive housing services to 6 households residing in Tern House and 12 households residing in Pelican Place.
- Offered 6 cycles of the Second Chance Renter Rehabilitation Program to low-income people who were unable to obtain housing due to poor credit and/or poor rental history.
- Offered 9 basic Budgeting workshops to low-income households who wanted to learn how to better manage their limited resources.
- Participated in three homeless resource fairs to assist individuals and families who were homeless or living in poverty learn about and access available services.
- Provided an additional 4,242 households with information and referrals to other social service agencies. Contracted with Lincoln County Food Share to provide emergency food boxes, hot meals and emergency food bags.
- Monitored contract performance and provided technical assistance as needed.
- Coordinated the Point in Time Count (aka One Night Shelter Count).
- Provided eligibility screening for 744 households applying for We Care emergency assistance.

Weatherization

CSC's Weatherization Program assists households to save energy and improve their living conditions through the installation of weatherization materials and related services. Activities include whole house diagnostics, blower door and duct testing, installation of attic and wall insulation, air sealing, mobile home roof caps, refrigerator replacement, energy education, and testing for safety, efficiency and reliability of combustible appliances and heating systems. Additional base load measures are performed to reduce electricity usage.

Accomplishments:

- Provided for the replacement of heating systems that were no longer functional and could not be repaired or were not cost effective to repair.
- Integrated the weatherization program services with CSC's Housing Rehabilitation program, the Lincoln County Revolving Loan Fund, the Linn Benton Revolving Loan Fund, the City of Toledo's Revolving Loan Find, the City of Corvallis' CDBG grant programs, and the Lincoln Community Land Trust.
- Weatherized 161 housing units with funds from the Low-Income Energy Assistance Program, US Department of Energy, State of Oregon Utility funds, Bonneville Power Administration, Northwest Gas, utility rebates, and private contracts. This included the weatherization of 53 units in Linn County, 22 units in Lincoln County, and 86 units in Benton County.
- Provided energy education to clients whose homes were being weatherized to build habits that reduced energy consumption in the future.

Housing Rehabilitation

The Housing Rehabilitation program receives grant funds that are dedicated to improving housing conditions of low and moderate-income homeowners within a targeted area. Loans are made to individual homeowners to hire licensed and bonded contractors to complete identified

rehabilitation needs. The program is designed to address local needs and the criteria required by granting agencies.

Accomplishments:

- Partnered with cities, counties and agencies to maintain and upgrade housing for low and moderate-income households.
- Developed, submitted and was funded for a new Housing Preservation Grant application that will assist between 6 and 8 households in Lincoln County.
- Used program income to continue housing rehabilitation activities in Newport.
- Continued to develop and expand the Lincoln Regional Revolving Loan Fund and the Linn-Benton Regional Revolving Loan Fund.

Community Development

CSC works with individuals, governmental agencies, non-profit and for-profit organizations to provide new affordable housing opportunities, community facilities, and grant and program management services.

Accomplishments:

 Pursued opportunities to partner with other organizations to develop affordable housing and community facilities that address the needs of low-income people and special needs groups.

Community Housing Services

Community Housing Services, a 501(c)(3) was created in January 2000 to manage loan portfolios of cities and counties, to set up and administer Regional Revolving Loan Funds and to receive private funds to assist low-income households with affordable housing needs.

Accomplishments:

- Administered the Linn-Benton, and Lincoln Regional Revolving Loan Funds.
- Assisted clients with homeowner education, counseling and access to services.
- Assisted the Mortgage Payment Assistance Program applicants and participants and work in partnership with the Oregon Homeownership Stabilization Initiative (OHSI) to administer Hardest Hit Funds programs.
- Provided foreclosure prevention counseling in Lincoln County.

LINN BENTON FOOD SHARE

Linn Benton Food Share is the regional food bank for Linn and Benton counties. Since 1981, Food Share has been committed to fulfilling our goal that "Everybody Eats".

Through our network of 74 agencies we attempt to reach every person who cannot adequately feed themselves or their family. Food Share prevents hunger by soliciting, transporting, storing and distributing over 5 million pounds of food each year to emergency food pantries, emergency shelters, child care centers, community meal sites, and gleaning groups.

High unemployment and increases in the cost of food, gasoline and utilities are leaving many families and individuals unable to purchase an adequate supply of food. Requests for emergency food help are at an all time high. Oregon was the 4th highest ranked state in the nation with 30% of children experiencing food insecurity. The poverty rate, 17.2% in Oregon,

has increased 33% since 2007 and the number of food boxes we are distributing has increased 35% during that same period.

Accomplishments:

- Supplied food for 174,335 persons at emergency food pantries.
- Supplied food for 293,158 meals at community meal sites and shelters.
- Coordinated 18 plus agency food drives or fund-raising events.
- Distributed nonfood goods such as refrigerators, freezers, bookcases, computers, desks, furniture and appliances to our member agencies.
- Distributed 5,152,970 pounds of food to our 74 member agencies.
- Improved the nutritional content of our food supply by distributing 872,225 pounds of produce an increase of 31% over last year.

GLEANING / VOLUNTEERS

The Gleaning/Volunteer program links volunteers with CSC programs, as well as supporting 14 separate gleaning groups, made up of more than 7,900 low-income individuals, and hundreds of volunteers who play a key role in feeding those who do not have enough to eat in Linn and Benton counties.

We help gleaners connect with food growers, processors and sellers to collect food, firewood, and more for distribution to low-income group members, including those who are unable to actively participate in the process. The gleaning program also builds capacity and ensures the sustainability of these groups by offering assistance in grant writing, volunteer management, board development, conflict resolution, financial record-keeping and non-profit tax preparation.

Accomplishments

- Provided over two million pounds of nutritious food to low-income families and individuals.
- Distributed over 540 cords of firewood to low income families who burned wood as primary heat source.
- Developed and facilitated presentations by local health professionals on subjects relating to healthy eating, celiac disease, and diabetes.

CHILD DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Head Start is one of the nation's first child development programs to implement a twogeneration approach, working with both children and their low-income parents as primary teachers of their own children. Teachers are also "advocates" for the children and their families. In 2013/2014, CSC Head Start will provide federal and state funded preschool services to 156 Lincoln County children and their families. The number served may vary dependent upon funding changes

CSC Head Start (CSCHS) promotes child school-readiness and family self-sufficiency through comprehensive and intensive services including early childhood education, health and social services, nutritious meals, and parent partnership and involvement. There are currently ten domains of learning, as well as a structure for school readiness and regular review of child's progress measured in all domains as well as the use of Classroom Assessment Scoring System "CLASS" measurement outcomes.

Accomplishments

- Maintained full enrollment.
- Federal Monitoring Review was completely successful and without a finding.
- Health Services Advisory Committee is robust, well attended and successfully addresses any issues of importance in the area of health.
- Completed Disaster Preparedness and Pest Management Plans.
- Successfully completed Policy and Procedures and Ongoing Monitoring Plans.
- Inaugurated the first "Inclusion" class in Toledo in partnership with Early Childhood Special Education.
- Increased CLASS observations improving individual teacher scoring.
- Implemented use of new statewide monitoring tool T.S. Gold.
- Increased community/education involvement with Lincoln County School District P-3 group, grant participation and HUB process monitoring.
- Established a Backpack/Food Program at all three sites.

LINN BENTON RETIRED AND SENIOR VOLUNTEER PROGRAM (RSVP)

Linn-Benton RSVP is a Senior Corps national service program dedicated to providing outstanding community service opportunities for adult volunteers age 55 and above. We have nearly four decades of experience matching volunteers with opportunities to meet targeted community needs. While a variety of volunteer opportunities are available, our primary goal is to respond to clearly defined local needs. This program transitioned smoothly to another community organization for the last quarter of our fiscal year and continued to provide valuable community involvement for seniors.

For three quarters of FY13, the CSC RSVP programs had an active network of 723 volunteers who gave 98,352 hours of service to the community in calendar year, for a total in-kind value of \$2,100,799. RSVP volunteers helped a wide variety of nonprofits including health and nutrition, economic development, mentoring, public safety and more. The volunteers were honored with an annual luncheon that includes the presidential service awards. The signature programs - Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance-SHIBA, Senior Peer Counseling, AARP Tax-Aide and VISIT - address critical human needs in our focus areas.

Accomplishments 2012-2013

- SHIBA Medicare counseling, advocacy and education
 - 23 volunteers served 1,568 individual clients, a 38% increase, with 1,972 total client contacts.
 - o Monthly volunteer meetings in each county; one large training.
 - Provided 16 classes to 400 persons on New to Medicare or Medicare ABCD .
- Senior Peer Counseling 4 volunteers, 18 clients
- **Tax-Aide** 63 counselor and 27 greeters gave 10,675 hours of time and e-filed 3,239 tax forms, part of the Oregon Tax-Aide program that is second in the nation in the number of tax returns filed through AARP Tax-Aide.
 - Earned income, education and child tax credits, totaling \$1,325,567.
 - Tax refunds totaling \$3,429,410.
- VISIT Friendly Visiting Program trained twelve new volunteers.

ADMINISTRATION

CSC's administrative department is comprised of the internal departments that engage with external community partners and serve internal partners and programs, as well. In a

sophisticated and demanding technological and reporting environment, well-managed administrative services are essential to maintaining a strong, reputable organization.

Our administrative department is comprised of the Executive Director and her office, Community Resources and Development, Human Resources, Information Technology and Finance departments.

Accomplishments:

- Partnered with 18 Community Action Partners of Oregon and OSU to begin research and design of a community action report card, gaining scope and research capability but reducing the cost compared to a single-agency effort.
- Completed reorganization to improve effectiveness and reduce cost of agency administration.
- Helped revitalize the CAAC to preside over the yearly strategic goal-setting process for all programs and provide support for the agency goals.
- Worked to restructure the Community Housing Services board to take advantage of additional funding and program opportunities.
- Spearheaded a number of inter-departmental and inter-agency collaborations, including the Linn-Benton and Lincoln County Housing Forums and investigation of a Healthy Homes Initiative.

COMMUNITY RELATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT

The Community Relations and Development (CRD) Department coordinates all CSC community relations efforts, targeting those who need help, as well as those who can give help. CRD works closely with all CSC departments on outreach and communications activities; resource development, including fundraising and grant writing; and volunteer recruitment and internships.

CRD completed the very successful four-year Healthy Kids Outreach and Enrollment Program (HK) on June 30, 2013. HK provided health insurance coverage for children in need. CRD was awarded the Cover Oregon Outreach and Enrollment Program for families and individuals in need of affordable health coverage for Lincoln County for FY14.

Accomplishments

- Coordinated the 2nd Annual 2012 Barrel to Keg Relay fundraising event, nearly doubling the number of runners, increasing sponsorship, and making a strong beginning on our goal of bringing \$40,000 a year to CSC in unrestricted funds.
- Exceeded all of our Healthy Kids program performance goals, helping over 130 families to gain health insurance coverage during FY13.
- Built awareness of and commitment to CSC by increasing volunteerism, engaging over a hundred community volunteers in the Barrel to Keg Relay Race and recruiting an additional 39 OSU staff and students for internships.
- Coordinated the roll-out of the re-designed CSC Website to facilitate client and partner access to our programs and services.

HUMAN RESOURCES

Accomplishments:

- Established a tracking method for ensuring annual performance reviews are completed utilizing the HR database reports.
- Worked with Finance to update training for managers and staff on how to complete time cards accurately and timely

- Ensured HR staff understand agency mission and vision. Set goals for HR staff in alignment of those objectives.
- Documented agency knowledge of job classification process to ensure a fair and equitable compensation system.
- Worked with department directors, union and SAIF/CIS to develop safety and fleet manuals, resulting in an insurance premium discount.
- Worked with benefits committee and broker to provide a comprehensive benefit package to ensure retention and recruitment of qualified staff while operating with minimum headcount.
- Implemented new recruiting software that allows managers real time access to applicants resulting in shorter vacancy times.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Accomplishments:

- Designed and completed support process for computer moves, network cabling, and server and connectivity changes to accommodate multiple office moves in July and August.
- Provided technical support services to The Oregon Consortium / Oregon Workforce Alliance as a way to generate revenue for IT operations.
- Replaced stand-alone PBX and landline-based phone systems at nine locations with a Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) agency-wide telephone system.
- Provided automatic call distribution assistance for the Energy Assistance (LIHEAP) program.
- Enabled remote desktop access to LifeSize video conferencing system, from computer webcams outside the CSC firewall.
- Assisted with the technical aspects for the re-design of the CSC website.

FINANCE:

Accomplishments:

- Received an unmodified audit and a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the **twenty-first** consecutive year.
- Coordinated the financial management and reporting activities for 189 different grants with federal, state, local and donor funding sources.
- Acted as a resource to the newly hired Human Resources Director providing crosstraining, backup and ensuring continuity.
- Analyzed needs for departmental re-structuring and hired a Financial Analyst.
- Ensured that CSC received an unqualified audit opinion and was awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the 21st consecutive year.
- Continued training managers on a new financial data management software module that allows real-time access and customized reporting for managers to ensure optimal use of CSC resources.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

INTERNAL CONTROLS AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

Community Services Consortium's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure the organization's assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure transactions are recorded properly to allow preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. Management must assess the expected benefits and related costs to determine which internal control policies and procedures will be implemented.

The Consortium is subject to the budget provisions of ORS 294.900 to 294.930.

CSC is organized into two governmental accounting types of funds - the general fund and special revenue funds. For budgeting purposes, eight funds have been established. These include a General Fund and seven special revenue funds: Emergency Services; Workforce and Education; Linn Benton Food Share; Housing and Community Resources; Child Development Services, Retired and Senior Volunteer Program and Miscellaneous Grants.

The budget is approved by the Governing Board at the following level of appropriation:

- Personnel services
- Materials and services
- Capital outlay (equipment purchases)
- Fund balance increases/decreases, if applicable

Budget versus actual statements are presented in this report. Line item budgets are maintained in the accounting records and are monitored monthly by the responsible parties.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS

For financial reporting purposes, there is one general fund, and seven special revenue funds (reflecting **189** different funding sources, one for each federal, state or local grant or other contract).

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Oregon Revised Statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants that are also licensed by the state to conduct municipal audits. CSC contracted with Grove, Mueller & Swank PC of Salem, Oregon to conduct our FY13 audit. Because CSC receives federal financial assistance, the audit must also meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and related OMB Circular A-133.

The auditor's report on CSC's financial statements and supplementary statements and schedules is found at the beginning of the Financial Section. The auditor's reports related to the single audit are found in the Federal Compliance Section. These include reports on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, compliance and internal control over financial reporting, and compliance with requirements applicable to each major federal program and internal control over compliance. Our auditors did not identify any material weaknesses involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operations or involving the internal control over since and its operations or report any findings of non-compliance with applicable laws, regulations and standards.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Community Services Consortium for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2012. This was the *twenty-first* consecutive year that the Community Services Consortium has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the cooperation and support of the entire staff of CSC. A very special note of thanks is extended to Debbie Jackson, Finance Director, and the members of the Finance Department – Connor Lyons, Kellie Oxford, Cherry Condron, and Denice Stout, as well as administrative staff members Susanne Lee and Linda Swaney.

We commend the entire CSC staff for their hard work and devotion to the mission and programs CSC administers within the communities of Benton, Linn and Lincoln counties. The people and communities that we serve have many challenges awaiting them in the next fiscal year, and CSC will make every possible effort to assist.

We also thank the members of the Governing Board and our Advisory Councils for their guidance and support in conducting CSC's operations in a responsible and transparent manner.

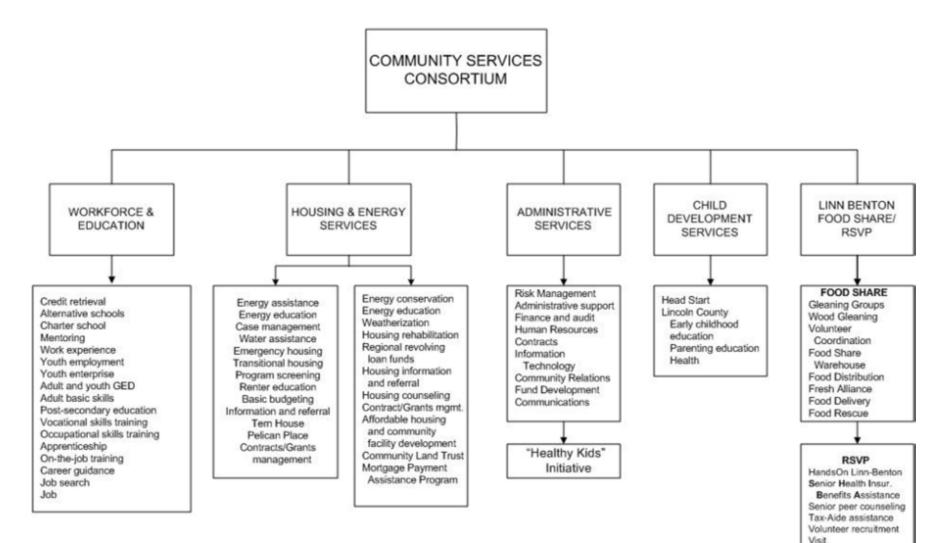
Sincerely,

Martha Lyon Executive Director

Debbie Jackson

Debbie Jackson, CPA, CFE Finance Director

COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM FUNCTIONAL CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Community Services Consortium, Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS 475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200, Salem, Oregon 97301 (503) 581-7788

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CSC Governing Board Community Services Consortium Albany, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Community Services Consortium (CSC), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise CSC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to CSC's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CSC's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Management Discussion & Analysis

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) on pages 4 through 13 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the MD&A in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise CSC's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – General Fund - budget and actual, combining schedules, introductory section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – General Fund - budget to actual, combining schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Reports on Other Legal or Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2014, on our consideration of CSC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering CSC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated January 24, 2014, on our consideration of CSC's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Devan W. Esch, A Shareholder January 24, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Community Services Consortium (CSC), we offer readers of CSC's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of CSC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- CSC is primarily a grant-based organization, with revenues of \$7.7 million in federal and federal passthrough grants, \$2.9 million in state and local governmental grants and contracts, \$7.9 million in value of donated food, \$852,000 in contributions, \$887,000 in charges for services, \$265,000 in loan repayments and \$434,000 in other miscellaneous income, totaling \$21.0 million. The vast majority of our grants are cost-reimbursement contracts, usually having a one- or two-year life before a new application for funding is required. These grants only cover costs actually expended and have no potential to build up any reserves. Any fund balances generated are restricted to the program in which they were generated, with the sole exception of the General fund balance.
- As a Community Action Agency (CAA), the largest component of our funding is focused on alleviating the effects and eliminating the causes of poverty. With the exception of our workforce development activities, including our alternative schools (about 15% of our total funding), the remaining 85% is targeted to assist low-and moderately-low income individuals.
- As a grant-based organization, we are subject to uncertainties in both the federal and state budgets. We are directly affected when Congress does not pass a budget, confirm appropriations, adjust the debt ceiling or when there is a federal government shut down. Similarly, we are impacted when the State of Oregon experiences budget shortfalls as it has in the current and previous biennium. At the minimum, our contracts that were covered by the State general fund are likely to be reduced. Continuing volatility in state and federal funding makes long-term funding projections almost impossible, so we now must operate on a fairly short-term planning cycle.
- We rely on a conservative estimate of revenues based on our considerable years of experience in these areas, but also have to be prepared to adjust course for external funding changes. We monitor our performance and revenue forecasts on an ongoing basis through the entire year and usually have been able to secure other grants to replace expiring ones. The upcoming FY14 forecast is not different we are projecting an increase from our final figures of \$21 million to around \$22.4 million, an increase of approximately 6.7%.
- As we have discussed in our introductory letter, our communities have been hit hard by the recession, and CSC has been part of the solution by providing both safety net services and programs that help move clients up the ladder of financial security. Requests for assistance in both areas continue to increase. For example, demands for re-employment services and retraining for people impacted by unemployment are at a record high in all three counties. Need is growing, even as our funding drops. Oregon still has not recovered from the recession.

Overall, we feel that CSC was able to effectively manage its resources to address the increased demands felt in our communities. However, there is a growing level of unmet need due to funding shortfalls and a sluggish recovery in our state. Approximately one out of five residents in Linn and Benton counties lives in poverty. One in four receives food stamps in Lincoln and Linn Counties. Employment growth has come mainly in sectors that offer the very lowest wages. While unemployment has declined, so has median income, leaving low-income residents of our three counties in a state of increasing economic instability. The increased demand for our services is definitely challenging.

CSC will continue to look for opportunities to work with other agencies and organizations to provide sustainable quality programs for our communities. For example, with St. Vincent de Paul, CSC is now offering services to veterans and their families in FY14. Although we will focus resources and leverage partnerships as best we can, we concede we will be unable to meet the growing needs of our community.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to CSC's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of CSC's finances as a whole and present a longer-term view of its finances.

The government-wide financial statements include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the method of accounting used by most private-sector business. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account when they are incurred regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report CSC's net financial position and activities and changes to them. Net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) is one way to measure an organization's financial health. Changes in net position over time provide one indicator of whether financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Fund financial statements:

Fund financial statements are also intended to give insight into CSC's overall financial health and report CSC's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. In addition to a very limited general fund, CSC has only one type of fund – governmental funds. The governmental funds are presented in seven different departments. Additionally, the Housing and Energy Services Department reports under two sub-headings; Emergency Services and Housing and Community Resources, which have different focus in their funding.

Governmental Funds:

These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of CSC's operations. The relationship (differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in reconciliations after the fund financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements:

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. They are an integral part of the financial statements and should be read in conjunction with them.

Our auditor has provided assurance in the Independent Auditor's Report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly presented. A user of this report should read the Independent Auditor's Report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts of the Financial Section.

Financial Analysis of the Consortium as a Whole

Net position. CSC's net position at June 30, 2013 was \$7,255,307 reflecting a decrease of \$580,162 from \$7,835,469 at June 30, 2012 (See Table A). The major sources of decrease to our net position were the decrease in funding to Housing and Community Resources of \$285,866, and the general function of \$475,532. Significant factors are discussed below.

The decrease in Housing and Community Resources was primarily due to the fact that CSC was not able to apply to administer new Community Development Block Grants without the creation of a new legal entity to manage those funds. In addition, CSC made approximately \$50,000 more in loans under the Housing Rehabilitation program than were re-paid. Another sizeable decrease of \$60,000 was in the Mortgage Payment Assistance(MPA) program where income to monitor recipients is paid up front, but not utilized until the year after they received assistance. In addition, MPA funds were used to defray the cost of the mortgage counseling program which has high demand and low funding. CSC also invested about \$38,000 more to renovate a house (purchased in foreclosure in a prior year) which will be sold to a low income family or an organization serving low income in accordance with the Lincoln County plan to expand low-income workforce housing.

The decrease in the general function's net position is primarily due to the other post-employment benefits expense which increased to \$347,112 in FY13. This occurs as a result of allowing retirees to purchase health insurance on CSC's plan. Costs are projected out and amortized over thirty years. (See the additional footnote on page 30 for further discussion on this item.) This expense does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, however does impact the net position of CSC.

Additionally, the reporting of depreciation expense of \$165,901 claimed on all assets of CSC through the general function, greatly exceeds the investment of \$26,948 in new assets by \$138,953.

Community Services Consortium's Net Position TABLE A

	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 10,209,493 <u>4,395,361</u>	\$ 10,394,315 <u>4,534,314</u>
Total Assets	14,604,854	14,928,629
Current and other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	6,013,061 1,336,486	6,377,211 715,949
Total Liabilities	7,349,547	7,093,160
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for grant programs	4,395,361 2,709,696	4,534,314 2,392,488
Unrestricted	117,226	908,667
Total Net Position	<u>\$7,255,307</u>	<u>\$ </u>

Restricted and Unrestricted Net Position:

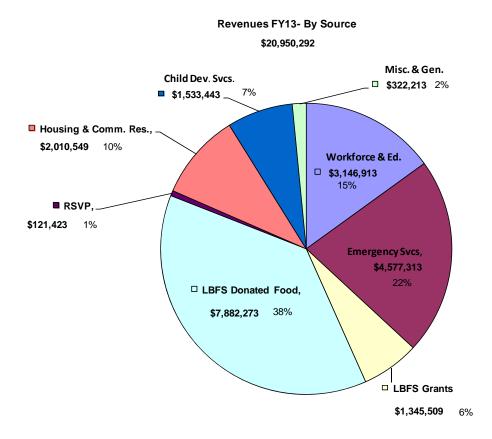
As a grant-based organization operating primarily under cost reimbursement contracts, CSC has very limited potential to build up an unrestricted reserve. Only the General fund balance of \$413,917 is truly unassigned with virtually all other balances being restricted by grant conditions, donor restrictions, contractual arrangements, or management assignments for specified purposes.

Changes in net position. CSC's total revenues decreased \$5,447,977 from \$26,398,269 in FY12 to \$20,950,292 in FY13. CSC's total expenses decreased \$3,801,342 from \$25,331,796 in FY12 to \$21,530,454 in FY13 (See Table B). The result was a decrease of \$580,162 in net position, which was discussed above.

Community Services Consortium's Changes in Net Position TABLE B

	Year	Year Ended	
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	
Program revenues			
Fees for services	\$ 909,850	\$ 912,288	
Operating grants and contracts	19,177,882	23,601,324	
Contributed Capital Contributions	-	1,057,132	
Contributions	<u>851,903</u> 20,939,635	<u>803,226</u> 26,373,970	
General revenues, by source	20,939,035	20,373,970	
Interest and other investment earnings	10,657	24,299	
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 20,950,292</u>	<u>\$ 26,398,269</u>	
Program Expenses			
Personal Services	\$ 5,725,255	\$ 7,636,579	
Materials and Services	7,775,472	7,047,006	
LBFS Donated Food	8,002,779	8,483,516	
Capital Outlay	26,948	2,164,695	
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 21,530,454</u>	<u>\$ 25,331,796</u>	
Change in Net Position	(580,162)	1,066,473	
Net position, beginning of year	7,835,469	6,768,996	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	

Figure A Sources of Revenue for the Year Ended June 30, 2013



Major components of the \$5,447,977 revenue decrease occurred in Linn Benton Food Share where about \$722,000 less was collected in food donations than FY12. While USDA food donations increased by about \$214,000 in value, other food donations were more than \$936,000 less in FY 13. We also virtually completed our ARRA (stimulus) program in FY12 which resulted in a decrease of about \$3.1 million in funding across our departments.

We had reduced federal funding of about \$3.5 million dollars, primarily because of decreases in the approximate amounts of \$500,000 in the Workforce & Education department Workforce Investment Act (WIA) funds, \$500,000 in the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP); \$2.3 million in Department of Energy ARRA funds, and almost \$200,000 in ARRA National Emergency Grants (NEGs). Our alternative school funding was also somewhat reduced with school district budgeting changes.

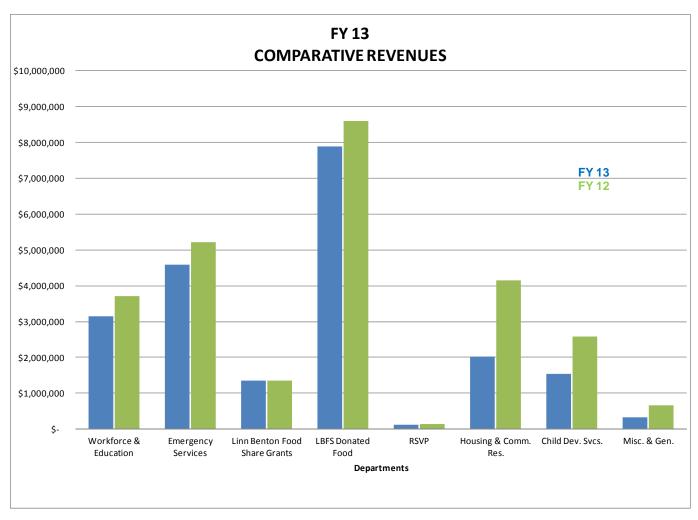


Figure B Revenue Comparison for the Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The **Emergency Services** fund increased the ending fund balance about \$32,000. The net rental revenue increase of \$42,500 was realized from operating 18 units of permanent supportive housing facility for individuals and families that had previously been homeless. The Pelican rental revenues eliminated a previous negative fund balance from startup costs on the project and, between all rental units, transferred \$17,618 from that revenue to a maintenance reserve, resulting in the overall increase of \$32,500. The net rental revenue will be used to fund case manager services for residents.

The **Workforce & Education** fund balance increased about \$59,000 in the current year. The Lincoln County Charter School increased about \$22,000 and alternative schools increased \$24,000. The Weatherization Training program increased about \$18,000.

Linn Benton Food Share fund balance increased by almost \$92,000. LBFS has seen increased demand for food which has drawn down the food inventories and increased the need to purchase food to distribute to the network. Donations of almost \$76,000 were received for a new Warehouse Expansion project, as well as \$14,000 in miscellaneous donor grants.

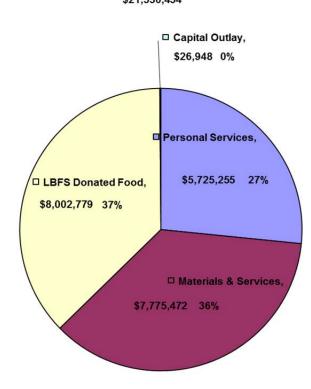
Housing and Community Resources' fund balance decreased by about \$283,000. The Mortgage Payment Assistance fund decreased about \$60,000 as funds set aside to follow-up with participants for one year were utilized. These programs help people in various stages of foreclosure. CSC invested an additional \$38,000 funds to renovate a house. These funds will be recouped on the sale of the house to qualifying low-income buyers, or an organization that serves that income population. Loan repayments for housing rehabilitation through CSC and the various revolving loan funds exceeded loan repayments from people who originally received funds as a non-interest bearing loans by about \$75,000. These additional loans made were part of a required match to receive Housing Preservation Grants in previous years. Additional loans of about \$40,000 were made from funds managed for the City of Newport. Staffing was also provided to the Lincoln Community Land Trust for a decrease from \$27,800 to \$12,265 – or about \$15,500.

Increased demand for energy assistance under several low income programs drew down balances in OLIEEE (gas assistance) about \$34,000.

Miscellaneous Grant Fund decreased fund balance by \$8,650. This was the remaining balance from the AmeriCorps VISTA program which completed the final two months of the sixth year of service to our communities.

Child Development Services had a slight decrease of \$10,422 as it used donations for some necessary safety investments for intercoms and some related maintenance projects. The **Retired and Senior Volunteer Program (RSVP)** was transferred to another community organization with a disbursement of the \$19,841 prior year balances.

Figure C Expenses by Function for the Year Ended June 30, 2013



Expenditures FY13 by Function \$21,530,454 Major components of the \$3.77 million expense decrease were due to staffing decreases as a result of the end of stimulus program projects and a continuing decrease in federal workforce funding. We saw a \$1.9 million decrease in salary and fringe expenditures and a decrease in LBFS food distribution of about \$480,000. This was offset in part by a slight \$242,000 increase in program supplies from finalizing ARRA weatherization projects. There was also a major decrease of \$2.1 million in capital outlay because of the FY12 one-time capital contribution related to the transfer from the City of Toledo CDBG project for the Toledo Head Start building.

Of the total expenses for FY13 of \$21.6 million, 55% or \$11.9 million (including food distribution) were made directly on behalf of participants in our programs. As a proportion of the FY13 materials and services of \$15.8 million, the direct assistance of \$11.9 million was 75%, a result of CSC's determination to use our resources in the most effective manner, keeping staffing and program delivery costs as low as possible. With the dedication of our passionate staff, we exceeded our goal of providing 50% direct client benefit.

Three funds had significant changes in their FY13 activities. The **Workforce & Education** department **decreased** expenses about \$683,000 (18%) for workforce training as their WIA ARRA and regular WIA funds dwindled and their National Emergency Grants completed. The **Housing and Community Resources** department **decreased** by \$1.9 million when the ARRA Weatherization funds finally were spent out. Additionally, the non-profit Community Housing Services has not administered any new CSBG grants during FY13, as revised HUD regulations caused reorganization that led to a break in the usual funding cycle. The **Miscellaneous Grant** fund decreased by almost 60% (from \$467,000 down to \$182,000) when the Workforce Investment Board functions were absorbed into the Workforce and Education department. The other significant decrease reflected the wrap-up of the expiring AmeriCorps VISTA program very early in FY13.

We also experienced a significant decrease for FY13 in capital asset additions of only \$26,948 (*as discussed in more detail in the capital assets footnote on page 28*) due to the purchase of a replacement workforce vehicle. A piece of playground equipment was also disposed from Head Start. The equipment had been fully depreciated and had an original cost of \$8,557. Prior year FY12 had a large one-time capital contribution for the Toledo Head Start building. The capitalization level for assets was maintained at \$5,000 during FY 13.

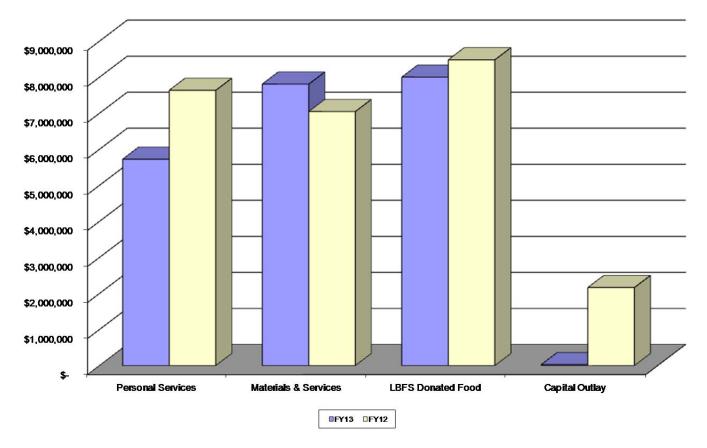
Budgetary Highlights

Community Services Consortium's Governing Board revised its originally adopted budget in order to address unexpected changes in revenues and expenses. The original budget was adopted on a very conservative basis with only grants whose award was almost certain included at the start of the fiscal year. Two amendments to the budget were adopted this year to include additional grants received during the year as state and federal revenue sources became more certain. The total increase for those amendments was \$523,094 as shown in the Required Supplementary Information for Budget and Actual on page 36 of this report.

The following chart demonstrates a comparison of expenses between FY13 and FY12. As you can see, the proportion of personnel expenses decreased from 30% to 27% of total expenditures. This proportion of total expenses was achieved by slight decreases in FTE or the end of certain programs, as previously discussed. Staff did not receive a cost of living adjustment again this year to ensure that we could deliver maximum services to our program participants.

Total materials and services increased from 61% to 73% of the budget in FY13, as commitments were honored to get services and benefits out the door to help our clients in this tough recession. Services directly on behalf of our program participants, including food distributions, were over \$11.9 million dollars.

Figure D Expenditure Comparison for the Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012



FY13 Comparative Expenditures

Capital Asset Administration

Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased from \$4,534,314 in FY12 to \$4,395,361 in FY13. As discussed in more detail on page 28 of the footnotes and in the previous sections of this analysis, CSC's capital asset changes is primarily due to the depreciation of assets already held. The only addition was a replacement vehicle purchased for \$26,948 and the disposition of a fully capitalized playground tugboat for the cost of removing the obsolete equipment.

As of June 2013, CSC did not have title to the buildings in Newport and Lincoln City occupied by the Head Start program, which are awaiting final grant closeout of the Community Development Block Grants sponsored by the communities in which they are located. The Newport and Lincoln City properties will be transferred as soon as the Block Grants are completely closed by Lincoln County. The Head Start facility in Newport began operation in the fall of 2009 and title to that building will not transfer to CSC until that Community Development Block Grant is finalized, which usually takes about 5 years or more after the grant is completed. CSC owns the underlying Newport land but renovated and expanded an existing structure to respond to growing Newport Head Start demand. The Lincoln City Head Start building was completed in FY03. CSC owns the underlying land and will take possession of the building when the CDBG grant is closed out by Lincoln City.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets – the Real Challenge

Federal funding is very unpredictable at this time, and the federal budgets for the year that began last October have only recently been passed and the details are not available yet. We have also experienced a federal government shutdown which caused extra concerns about the stability of funding. Funding decreases are certain for most programs, but the details of the cuts have not been revealed. Most agencies were told to forecast between a 5 and 20% cut in spending, especially where, like ours, a large part of the program budget is funded through discretionary spending. The budget passed by Congress is expected to make differential cuts to funding, rather than the across-the-board sequestration reductions that we experienced in FY 13. Finally, Congress has not come to agreement about raising the national debt level, which is predicted to come to another decision point around February 2014. This adds another note of uncertainty to financial planning for the agency.

At the same time, the State of Oregon budget forecast is also unpredictable, with large cuts in general funding predicted. In addition, two departments, through which we received large portions of our funding, are reorganizing. This may mean less program money coming out to the community action agencies to provide services.

The current level of flux in state and federal funding and direction is unprecedented in our experience of over thirty-three years of providing services. We will constantly be re-evaluating our funding during the next fiscal year as information becomes available. Accordingly, CSC has adopted a very conservative budget for FY14, roughly \$22.4 million, an increase of 6.7% from the final adopted FY13 revenues of \$21 million.

To understand in greater detail how CSC has responded to the almost overwhelming need of our communities, we invite you to view some of the news stories on our website at http://www.communityservices.us/news.htm.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of CSC's finances and to demonstrate CSC's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Community Services Consortium, Finance Director, 250 Broadalbin St. SW, Ste. 2A, Albany, OR 97321.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS

Current Assets Cash Receivables Grants and contracts Loans Inventories Prepaid items Other current assets Total Current Assets Total Current Assets Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue Other payables	\$ 3,145,381 1,341,005 5,388,825 309,725 22,382 2,175 10,209,493
Receivables Grants and contracts Loans Inventories Prepaid items Other current assets <i>Total Current Assets</i> <i>Total Current Assets</i> Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>LIABILITIES</i> <i>Current Liabilities</i> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	\$ 1,341,005 5,388,825 309,725 22,382 2,175
Grants and contracts Loans Inventories Prepaid items Other current assets <i>Total Current Assets</i> Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>LIABILITIES</i> <i>Current Liabilities</i> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	 5,388,825 309,725 22,382 2,175
Loans Inventories Prepaid items Other current assets <i>Total Current Assets</i> Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>LIABILITIES</i> <i>Current Liabilities</i> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	 5,388,825 309,725 22,382 2,175
Inventories Prepaid items Other current assets <i>Total Current Assets</i> Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>LIABILITIES</i> <i>Current Liabilities</i> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	 309,725 22,382 2,175
Prepaid items Other current assets <i>Total Current Assets</i> Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>LIABILITIES</i> <i>Current Liabilities</i> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	 22,382 2,175
Other current assets <i>Total Current Assets</i> <i>Non-depreciable capital assets</i> Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>LIABILITIES</i> <i>Current Liabilities</i> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	 2,175
Total Current Assets Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	
Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	10,209,493
Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>LIABILITIES</i> <i>Current Liabilities</i> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	
Depreciable capital assets, net <i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i> <i>Total Assets</i> <i>LIABILITIES</i> <i>Current Liabilities</i> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	
Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	1,111,595
Total Assets LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	 3,283,766
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	 4,395,361
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	 14,604,854
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	
Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	
Accrued vacation Unearned revenue	326,178
Unearned revenue	227,900
	8,772
Other payables	5,365,211
	 85,000
Total Current Liabilities	6,013,061
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Accrued vacation	273,425
Other post employment benefits	 1,063,061
Total Liabilities	 7,349,547
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	4,395,361
Restricted for grant programs	2,709,696
Unrestricted	 150,250
Total Net Position	\$ 7,255,307

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Program	Change in Net Position			
	Expenses		Fees for Service	(Operating Grants and ontributions		Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
General	\$	624,229	\$ -	\$	148,697	\$	(475,532)
Workforce and Education		3,060,823	611,661		2,535,252		86,090
Emergency Services		4,545,737	-		4,577,311		31,574
Linn Benton Food Share		9,135,954	-		9,227,782		91,828
Housing and Community Resources		2,296,414	298,189		1,712,359		(285,866)
Child Development Services		1,543,865	-		1,533,443		(10,422)
RSVP		141,264	-		121,423		(19,841)
Miscellaneous Grants		182,168	 -		173,518		(8,650)
Total	\$	21,530,454	\$ 909,850	\$	20,029,785		(590,819)
GENERAL REVENUES							
Interest							10,657
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							(580,162)
NET POSITION, Beginning							7,835,469
NET POSITION, Ending						\$	7,255,307

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2013

		General		mergency Services	Workforce and Education		
ASSETS	¢	2 1 4 4 7 9 1	¢		¢	50	
Cash Receivables	\$	3,144,781	\$	-	\$	50	
Grants and contracts		22.256		276 069		162 505	
Loans		32,256		376,068		463,595	
Due from other funds		653,859		411,527		158,352	
Inventories						- 130,332	
Prepaid items		13,608		1,000		7,774	
Other current assets		-		-		2,175	
Total Assets	\$	3,844,504	\$	788,595	\$	631,946	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	16,325	\$	44,537	\$	81,456	
Accrued payroll		510,097		-		-	
Due to other funds		2,890,557		321,674		361,009	
Unearned revenue		-		-		-	
Other payables		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		3,416,979		366,211		442,465	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		13,608		1,000		7,774	
Restricted		-		421,384		161,748	
Assigned		-		-		19,959	
Unassigned		413,917		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		427,525		422,384		189,481	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,844,504	\$	788,595	\$	631,946	

Total Governmental Fund Balances

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$5,549,727 and the accumulated depreciation is \$1,154,366.

Other post employment benefits are not current financial requirements and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.

Total Net Position

Linn-Benton Food Share		Housing and Community Resources		Child evelopment Services	Senic	tired and or Volunteer Program	 Misc. Grants		Totals
\$ -	\$	150	\$	400	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,145,381
19,097		302,717		92,487		-	54,785		1,341,005
-		5,388,825		-		-	-		5,388,825
1,996,032		953,032		69,414		27,245	83		4,269,544
246,578		63,147		-		-	-		309,725
-		-		-		-	-		22,382 2,175
\$ 2,261,707	\$	6,707,871	\$	162,301	\$	27,245	\$ 54,868	\$	14,479,037
\$ 45,329	\$	83,535	\$	27,316	\$	27,245	\$ 435	\$	326,178 510,097
39,959		513,774		88,138		-	54,433		4,269,544
		5,365,211				-			5,365,211
 -		85,000		-		-	 -		85,000
 85,288		6,047,520		115,454		27,245	 54,868		10,556,030
246,578		63,147		-		-	-		332,107
1,349,568		774,759		2,237		-	-		2,709,696
580,273		-		44,610		-	-		644,842
 -		(177,555)		-		-	 -		236,362
2,176,419		660,351		46,847		-	 -		3,923,007
\$ 2,261,707	\$	6,707,871	\$	162,301	\$	27,245	\$ 54,868	\$	14,479,037
								.	

\$ 3,923,007

4,395,361

(1,063,061)

\$ 7,255,307

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. - 16 -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	(General	E	Emergency Services	orkforce and Education
REVENUES					
Grants and contracts	\$	99,996	\$	4,456,347	\$ 2,464,430
Contributions		12,063		25,028	6,311
Loan repayments		-		-	-
Fees for service		-		95,938	611,661
Commodity foods		-		-	-
Other		36,637		-	64,511
Interest		7,813		-	 -
Total Revenues		156,509		4,577,313	3,146,913
EXPENDITURES					
Administration		111,222		409,407	485,768
Workforce and education		-		-	2,602,001
Retired and senior volunteers		-		-	-
Weatherization		-		-	-
Emergency services		-		4,136,330	-
Housing rehabilitation		-		-	-
Head Start		-		-	-
Food programs		-		-	-
Interagency departments		-		-	 -
Total Expenditures		111,222		4,545,737	 3,087,769
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		45,287		31,576	59,144
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		382,238		390,808	 130,337
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	427,525	\$	422,384	\$ 189,481

Linn-Benton Food Share	Housing and Community Resources	Child Development Services	Retired and Senior Volunteer Program	Misc. Grants	Totals
\$ 279,023	\$ 1,533,854	\$ 1,531,003	\$ 92,189	\$ 173,517	\$ 10,630,359
^{\$} 279,023 779,559	³ 1,555,854 1,916	\$ 1,551,005 2,440	^{\$} 92,189 24,586	φ 175,517	\$ 10,050,559 851,903
	264,807	2,440	24,300	_	264,807
_	179,433	-	-	_	887,032
7,882,273		-	-	-	7,882,273
286,927	30,539	-	4,648	-	423,262
-	2,843	-	-	-	10,656
9,227,782	2,013,392	1,533,443	121,423	173,517	20,950,292
63,401	233,254	220,343	12,026	18,461	1,553,882
-			-		2,602,001
-	-	-	129,238	-	129,238
-	1,335,908	-	-	-	1,335,908
-	-	-	-	-	4,136,330
-	727,252	-	-	-	727,252
-	-	1,323,522	-	-	1,323,522
9,072,553	-	-	-	-	9,072,553
-	-	-		163,707	163,707
9,135,954	2,296,414	1,543,865	141,264	182,168	21,044,393
91,828	(283,022)	(10,422)	(19,841)	(8,651)	(94,101)
2,084,591	943,373	57,269	19,841	8,651	4,017,108
\$ 2,176,419	\$ 660,351	\$ 46,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,923,007

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. - 17 -

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (94,101)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds do not report other post employement benefits since they do not require the use of current financial resources. However, the statement of activities reports such expenses when incurred, regardless of when settlement ultimately occurs.	(347,108)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciated expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$26,948) exceeded depreciation (\$165,901).	(138,953)
Change in Net Position	\$ (138,933)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Community Services Consortium (CSC) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of CSC's accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity

CSC is organized under Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 190 as a voluntarily-created intergovernmental organization. Operations include various employment and training programs, community services programs, weatherization and energy programs, housing rehabilitation grants, and other programs. These programs are funded primarily by WIA contracts, Head Start, Department of Housing and Urban Development contracts, contracts with Oregon Housing and Community Services, as well as other federal, state, and local sources.

Control of CSC is vested in its Governing Board, which is comprised of three representatives from the governing board of each county. Administrative functions are delegated to individuals who report to, and are responsible to the Board. The chief administrative officer is the Executive Director.

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the Governing Board of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose its will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. CSC's financial statements include the following as blended component units. Each is a non-profit corporation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is governed by the Governing Board of CSC. None of the organizations issue separate financial statements.

- Linn-Benton Food Share
 Head Start in Lincoln County
 Linn-Benton Volunteers
- Community Housing Services H.E.L.P.S.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of Community Services Consortium.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges for goods and services provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues, including donations, sale of assets and interest earnings.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

When expenditures are paid for purposes in which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, CSC deems restricted assets to be spent first.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which CSC is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. In governmental funds, CSC's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for resale.

Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund balance is reported as committed when the Governing Board takes formal action that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The Governing Board can modify or rescind the commitment at any time through taking a similar formal action.

Resources that are constrained by CSC's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent is expressed when the Governing Board approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget. CSC's Finance Director uses that information to determine whether those resources should be classified as assigned or unassigned for presentation in CSC's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

Definitions of Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenues sources" means that the revenue sources for the fund

Definitions of Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

must be from restricted or committed sources, specifically that a substantial portion of the revenue must be from these sources and be expended in accordance with those requirements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Interest revenue and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

CSC has determined that each of its governmental funds are major funds and therefore reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund

The *General Fund* is used to account for the financial operations of CSC not accounted for in any other fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to report activities of the various grants and programs operated by CSC, that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts). Each of the federal and state grants and programs funded by other sources are reported as a separate special revenue fund. CSC is the fiscal agent for the Workforce Investment Board (WIB). CSC also administers various Oregon Counties and Cities housing rehabilitation grants. CSC reports the following special revenues funds:

The *Emergency Services Fund* provides energy assistance and emergency services to low-income people.

The *Workforce and Education Fund* accounts for grants and contracts that provide job training and support services to displaced workers and economically disadvantaged adults and youth.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

The *Linn-Benton Food Share Fund* carries out food distribution programs for donated commodities, coordinates activity with 74 agencies, and has coordinated efforts to build a warehouse with adequate space to store food for member agencies.

The *Housing and Community Resources Fund* benefits low income and disadvantaged individuals by providing rehabilitation loans for owner-occupied dwellings, weatherization and project management for various construction and affordable housing projects for other entities.

The *Child Development Services Fund* operates a Head Start program in several communities in Lincoln County.

The *Retired and Senior Volunteer Program Fund* coordinates a volunteer center for Linn and Benton Counties, emphasizing volunteer opportunities for persons age 55 and over within community organizations. This program was transferred to another organization as of June 30, 2013.

The *Miscellaneous Grants Fund* reports revenue and expenditures for various grants that are awarded across the functional areas within CSC.

Cash

Oregon Revised Statutes authorizes CSC to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and agencies, time certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool. Such investments are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Equity in pooled cash and investments includes amounts in demand deposits as well as amounts in investment pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method. Inventories of food on hand in the USDA commodity and other food distribution programs consist of donated food and are reported at estimated value. Revenue is recognized when donated food is received. Expenditures are recorded when the food is distributed.

Inventories of materials on hand and work-in-progress in the weatherization programs are recorded at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. In general, expenditures are recorded when the materials are used and the jobs are completed.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded using the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at original or estimated original cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. CSC defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life greater than one year. Interest and other costs incurred during construction are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. The useful lives for buildings are between 10-50 years and equipment between 3-25 years.

Compensated Absences

Vacation pay is recorded as an expenditure when earned based on grantor requirements. The funds charged with the expenditures reimburse the pooled payroll account where the liability is recorded. The liability and the cash accumulated to retire it are reported in the General Fund. The current portion of compensated absences is estimated based on a two year rolling average of actual payments made to employees.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by CSC before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met or when CSC has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Due to/from Other Funds

Because cash balances are maintained in pooled bank accounts, it is possible for a fund to expend cash in advance of receipt of grant funds or other revenues that will fund the expenditures. A fund in such a negative cash position is considered to be borrowing from other funds which have excess cash. Negative cash balances are reported as amounts due to other funds on the balance sheet, while positive cash balances are reported as due from other funds.

Retirement Plans

Substantially all CSC employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Contributions to PERS are made on a current basis as required by the plan and are charged as expenses/expenditures as funded.

Interfund Transactions

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. The effect of interfund transactions is eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may vary from those estimates.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Community Services Consortium, organized under Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 190, is subject to budget provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes Sections 294.900 to 294.930. The adopted budget is on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The governing board of CSC adopts appropriations on a budgetary basis at the agency-wide level in the following level of detail:

Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Transfers

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at this level of detail. Unspent or unaccrued appropriations lapse at year end. Under the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes 294.900 to 294.930, only the governing body, not management, has the legal authority to amend the budget after it is adopted by the governing body.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

The board adopted two supplemental budgets for the year ended June 30, 2013. The change was necessary due to the receipt of additional grants that were not anticipated when the original budget was formulated.

Additionally, budgets are approved by the grantor agencies for many federal and state funded programs operated by CSC. These budgets vary considerably in the categories of expenditures used and the degree of compliance required.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

CSC maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except for restricted cash and investments. At June 30, 2013 the carrying value of cash and investments and fair value are approximately equal. Cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2013:

Cash	
Cash on hand	\$ 800
Deposits with financial institutions	1,836,815
Money market	6,698
Investments	
Local Government Investment Pool	1,301,068
	\$ 3,145,381

Deposits

At June 30, 2013, CSC's deposits with various financial institutions had a bank balance of \$1,992,115 and a book balance of \$1,843,513. The difference is due to transactions in process. Bank deposits are secured to legal limits by federal deposit insurance. All deposits not covered by FDIC insurance are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, CSC's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for CSC's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all demand accounts and the aggregate of all savings and time deposits accounts at each institution. Deposits not covered, if any, are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State

CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits (Continued)

Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. At June 30, 2013, the balance covered by the PFCP was \$1,742,115.

Investments

The State Treasurer of the State of Oregon maintains the Oregon Short-term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool is part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, the investment funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The Oregon Short-term Fund is the LGIP for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895).

At June 30, 2013, the fair value of the position in the Oregon State Treasurer's Short-term Investment Pool was approximately equal to the value of the pool shares. The investment in the Oregon Short-term Fund is not subject to risk evaluation. Separate financial statements for the Oregon Short-term Fund are available from the Oregon State Treasurer.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, CSC manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the maximum maturity of its investment portfolio to one year or less, specifically by maintaining funds in the Local Government Investment Pool. The LGIP had an average maturity of 172 days for the calendar year ended December 31, 2012.

Custodial Risk - Investments

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury with the advice of other state agencies and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which has established diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of the investments. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP. These investments within the LGIP must be invested and managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Professional standards indicate that the investments in external investment pools are not subject to custodial risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The LGIP is not rated for credit quality. Nevertheless, management does not believe that there is any substantial custodial risk related to investments in the LGIP.

LOANS RECEIVABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

The loans receivable of \$5,404,225 consists of housing rehabilitation and Self-Help Homeownership Opportunity Program (SHOP) loans. The housing rehabilitation loans total \$5,364,393 and are a deferred payment loan made to low income families or owners of property rented to low income tenants. Community Housing Services, a 501(c)(3), is the mortgagee of \$4,552,151 of loans while the municipalities and CSC are the mortgagees for the remainder. The amount reported as loans receivable is the amount of original notes, less principal repayments received. The loans are at 0% interest with the majority of the loans due when the house is sold. Some loans require a small monthly payment. Repayments and interest received on these loans during the contract period are program income, to be applied against costs of the program. When the grants CSC administers for the cities and the counties terminate, responsibility for administration of the loans and program income reverts to Community Housing Services. The full amount of the housing rehabilitation loans receivable is offset by uncarned revenue on the statement of net position.

The SHOP loans are funded through Community Frameworks and provide land acquisition or infrastructure development costs to create affordable housing. Loan repayments are kept in the program for future SHOP loans. The loans receivable is offset by an accounts payable to Community Frameworks.

The housing rehabilitation loans are fully reserved with an offsetting unearned revenue account. The loans will be recognized as revenues as they are repaid in the future. Unearned revenue at year-end was \$5,364,293.

INVENTORIES

Inventories as of June 30, 2013 consist of the following:

Linn-Benton Food Share food USDA commodities food Weatherization materials	\$ 234,116 12,462 63,147
Total	\$ 309,725

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012		Additions		Deletions	j	Balance June 30, 2013
Governmental Funds		_		_			
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 983,642	\$	-	\$	-	\$	983,642
Construction in progress	 127,953		-		-		127,953
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 1,111,595		-		-		1,111,595
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Furniture and Equipment	308,955		-		(8,557)		300,398
Vehicles	505,908		26,948		-		532,856
LBFS - Warehouse	1,059,490		-		-		1,059,490
Head Start buildings	1,040,051		-		-		1,040,051
Buildings	 1,505,337		-		-		1,505,337
Total capital assets being depreciated	 4,419,741		26,948		(8,557)		4,438,132
Accumulated depreciation							
Equipment	(229,438)		(19,199)		8,557		(240,080)
Vehicles	(377,193)		(46,058)		-		(423,251)
Buildings	 (390,391)		(100,644)		-		(491,035)
Total Accumulated depreciation	 (997,022)		(165,901)		8,557		(1,154,366)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 3,422,719		(138,953)		-		3,283,766
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,534,314	\$	(138,953)	\$	-	\$	4,395,361

Depreciation is recognized as an administrative expense.

LEASES

CSC leases office and warehouse space in Corvallis, Albany, Lebanon, Lincoln City, and Newport under noncancellable operating leases. Rental expense under all noncancellable leases for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$346,669.

The following is a schedule, by fiscal year, of the future minimum rental payments required under these leases as of June 30, 2013. Amounts included in the future minimum rental payments for the offices and warehouses are the gross rents payable. Based on the provisions of these leases, payments shall be

LEASES (Continued)

reduced by an amount equal to the tax savings by the lessor due to exemption from taxation by reason of the lessee's occupancy. The leases have different termination dates with the longest lease terminating in fiscal year 2016.

Year Ending	
2014 2015 2016	\$ 362,263 162,891 58,808
Total	\$ 583,962

OTHER PAYABLES

On January 24, 2004, CSC borrowed \$30,000 from NW Regional Facilitators for the Self-Help Home Ownership (SHOP) program. The loan is non-interest bearing, and will be forgiven January 24, 2014 provided CSC complies with the terms of the agreement.	\$ 30,000
On March 17, 2005, CSC borrowed \$40,000 from Community Frameworks for the Self-Help Home Ownership (SHOP) program. The loan is non-interest bearing and will be forgiven March 17, 2015 provided CSC complies with the terms of the agreement.	40,000
On May 21, 2010, CSC borrowed \$15,000 from Community Frameworks for the Self-Help Home Ownership (SHOP) program. The loan is non-interest bearing and will be forgiven May 21, 2020 provided CSC complies with the terms of the agreement	15,000
Total	\$ 85,000

Management's intent for the above payables are to use the funds for affordable housing purposes for ten years, at which time the note payables will be forgiven and the funds generated will remain in CSC's home ownership loan programs.

PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

CSC participates in two pension plans administered by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund (Tier 1/Tier 2) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for qualifying employees hired before August 29, 2003. Benefits are established by state statute.

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) is a hybrid successor plan to Tier 1/Tier 2 consisting of two programs: a defined benefit pension plan and a defined contribution program (the Individual Account Program or IAP). The OPSRP pension plan is effective for all new employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. The plan provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated by a formula for members who attain normal retirement age. The formula takes into account final average salary, years of service and type of service (general or police/fire).

Beginning January 1, 2004, all PERS member contributions go into the IAP portion of OPSRP. Tier 1/Tier 2 members retain their existing Tier 1/Tier 2 accounts, but future member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account.

Both pension plans provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and their beneficiaries. All CSC employees are eligible to participate after six months of employment. PERS is administered under Oregon Revised Statute Chapter 238, which establishes the Public Employees Retirement Board as the governing body of PERS. PERS, a component unit of the State of Oregon, issues a comprehensive annual financial report which may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700 or by calling (503) 598-7377.

Funding Policy

Members of PERS are required to contribute 6% of their salary covered under the plan, which is invested in the OPSRP Individual Account Program. CSC is required by ORS 238.225 to contribute at an actuarially determined rate for the qualifying employees under the OPERF plan, and a general service rate out for the qualifying employees under the OPSRP plan. The OPERF and the OPSRP rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2013 were 12.23% and 10.16%, respectively. The contribution requirements for plan members are established by ORS Chapter 238 and may be amended by an act of the Oregon Legislature. CSC's contributions to PERS for the years ending June 30, 2011, 2012, and 2013 were \$512,505, \$517,369 and \$474,564 respectively, which equaled the required contribution for the year.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

CSC implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB 45), Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, in fiscal year 2009. To comply with GASB 45, CSC must account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) using the accrual basis of accounting rather than a pay-as-you-go basis. Under accrual accounting, a liability must be recognized when employees earn OPEB rather than when the benefits are paid. CSC qualifies under the alternative measuring method and therefore is not required to obtain a formal actuarial valuation. No separate financial statement is available.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Benefit Description

Until they become eligible for Medicare, CSC allows retirees to continue health insurance coverage for themselves and their qualified dependents at the same rates as active employees, as required by ORS 243.303. Additionally, retirees have the option to continue dental insurance coverage even after becoming eligible for Medicare. Retirees must pay the entire premium in order to maintain coverage; CSC does not directly contribute to the cost of premiums for retirees. However, premiums paid by retirees do not represent the full cost of providing health insurance to retirees because CSC's rates are determined based on claims experience for both active employees and retirees. Since retirees typically have higher medical claims than active employees, medical coverage would be more expensive for retirees in a separately rated health plan. Conversely, active employees would be expected to generate lower medical claims resulting in lower premiums. The additional cost of allowing retirees to purchase health insurance at a blended rate is called an implicit rate subsidy and is required to be valued under GASB 45. CSC treats this implicit rate subsidy as a single-employer, defined benefit OPEB plan administered by CSC only to satisfy the accounting and financial reporting requirements of GASB 45, and a separate financial report is not issued.

Funding Policy

Retirees pay the entire cost of premiums at blended rates. CSC's only contribution is the implicit rate subsidy which continues to be financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. CSC has not established an irrevocable trust to accumulate assets to fund the cost of the OPEB obligation that arises from the implicit subsidy.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

CSC's annual other post-employment benefit cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of CSC's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, the amount actually contributed to the plans, and changes in CSC's net OPEB obligation:

	 2011	2012	 2013
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	\$ 292,479	\$ 468,548	\$ 715,949
Annual required contribution (ARC)	202,811	280,662	380,136
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,462	2,343	3,580
Amortization adjustment to ARC	(10,471)	(16,774)	(25,631)
Annual OPEB Cost	 193,802	 266,231	 358,085
Contributions made (implicit rate subsidy)	(17,733)	(18,830)	 (10,973)
Change in net OPEB obligation	 176,069	 247,401	347,112
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 468,548	\$ 715,949	\$ 1,063,061
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	9%	7%	3%

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in accrued liabilities and the value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2013 valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The assumptions included a 0.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), inflation of 3% and an annual healthcare cost rate of between 5.0% and 7.7%. The UAAL is being amortized over an open period of 30 years as a level of projected payroll.

Year Ending	Valu Asset	5	Accrued Liability (AAL) - htry Age (b)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
6/30/2013	\$	-	\$ 2,572,418	\$ 2,572,418	C)%	\$ 3,538,350	73%
6/30/2012		-	1,640,563	1,640,563	C)%	4,710,091	35%
6/30/2011		-	2,068,865	2,068,865	C)%	5,579,052	37%

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Reimbursement claims under federal and state program grants are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims might become a liability of CSC. CSC is aware of no communications from granting agencies regarding the lack of compliance with grant conditions that could result in a liability. There are no asserted or known unasserted claims against CSC that require disclosure or a loss accrual under ASC 450.

NONMONETARY TRANSACTIONS

CSC receives donated food from various sources for distribution to those in need. The value is estimated. About 5% of the food distributed is purchased with grant revenue. Revenue is recognized as the food is donated. Expenditures are recognized as the food is distributed.

NONMONETARY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2013 the following nonmonetary transactions were recorded in the Linn-Benton Food Share Fund:

	USDA			nn-Benton ood Share	Total		
Food received - revenue Food distributed - expenditures	\$	495,122 486,961	\$	7,387,151 7,515,818	\$	7,882,273 8,002,779	
Excess (Deficit) of Nonmonetary Revenues Over Nonmonetary Expenditures	\$	8,161	\$	(128,667)	\$	(120,506)	

RISK MANAGEMENT

CSC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. CSC carries commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

CONSTRUCTION OF LINCOLN COUNTY BUILDING

CSC, in conjunction with Lincoln County, has been in the process of raising funds to construct a Head Start facility in Newport, Oregon for several years. A Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) of \$800,000 awarded to Lincoln County is the largest single source of funds. In July 2008, the proposed costs of a Request for Proposal (RFP) for construction came in considerably higher than expected, leaving an approximate \$275,000 shortfall in funding.

After considering various alternatives for funding, Lincoln County, as the sponsor of the CDBG grant and the county in which the facility will be located, offered to loan CSC the funds to complete construction. Terms and conditions of this loan are still being worked out, however, the full Governing Board accepted Lincoln County's loan offer as the lowest cost alternative to ensure timely completion of construction of the facility. Construction was completed and the building has been occupied since 2010. The proposed loan amount is approximately \$325,000 as the final amounts and terms and conditions of the loan from Lincoln County are still being determined.

DIVESTITURE OF COMMUNITY HOUSING SERVICES

During FY13, CSC was notified by the Oregon Economic Development Department, (now known as Business Oregon), that Community Housing Services needed to alter the Governing Board structure to continue to be eligible to administrate Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) matter. The services currently provided by Community Housing Services (CHS) to municipalities include grant administration for the housing rehabilitation grants - existing and prospective, as well as being the

DIVESTITURE OF COMMUNITY HOUSING SERVICES (Continued)

recipient of loan repayments to de-federalize the loans made under the program for low income households. The required change in governance was that no more than 50% of the Board of Directors of the non-profit 501(c)(3) entity could be members of governmental organization. CSC's Governing Board initiated this change, appointing 4 more non-governmental directors to the CHS board and transferring the municipal loan receivable portfolios to the independent non-profit in FY14.

NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34." This Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. This Statement also amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government. The statement was implemented in the current year.

GASB Statement No. 62 "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements." The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that were issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011.

GASB Statement No. 63 "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." The statement provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position. The statement was implemented in the current year.

CSC will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required fiscal year. Management has not determined the effect on the financial statements from implementing any of the pronouncements.

GASB Statement No. 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2012.

GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to pensions provided by governments. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

GASB Statement No. 69 "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations." The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013.

NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 70 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees." The objective of the statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by State and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 24, 2014, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. Management is not aware of any subsequent events that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original Budget*		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES	\$	23,629,421	\$	24,152,515	\$	20,950,292	\$	(3,202,223)
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		5,930,263		7,080,065		5,725,255		1,354,810
Materials and services		17,690,038		17,013,330		15,292,190		1,721,140
Capital outlay		9,120		59,120		26,948		32,172
Total Expenditures	_	23,629,421		24,152,515		21,044,393		3,108,122
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-		(94,101)		(94,101)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		-		-		4,017,108		4,017,108
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,923,007	\$	3,923,007

* The adopted budget is on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -EMERGENCY SERVICES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Revenues					
	Beginning Fund Balance	Operating Grants/ Contributions	Fees for Service	Total Revenues			
CSBG	\$ -	\$ 42,427	\$ -	\$ 42,427			
Consumer Power	11,626	3,941	-	3,941			
Rural Benton County - Energy	-	5,000	-	5,000			
GAS Assistance Program	10,583	929	-	929			
LIHEAP Energy Assistance	-	2,109,389	-	2,109,389			
LIHEAP Client Education	-	82,095	-	82,095			
LIHEAP WX EE	-	17,093	-	17,093			
LIHEAP Leverage	-	17,724	-	17,724			
Oregon Energy Assistance (OEA)	-	1,139,077	-	1,139,077			
OR Low Income Gas Assistance	26,522	51,006	_	51,006			
Oregon Heat	50,675	16,178	-	16,178			
SOS	17,517	17,806	_	17,806			
BPA Energy Ed		5,687	_	5,687			
Echo Energy Ed	_	43,706	_	43,706			
NW Natural Gas - Workshops	64,660		_	-3,700			
NW Natural Dwelling Inspection	57,484		_	_			
Albany Water Assistance Program	19,788	3,345	-	3,345			
Continuum of Care IV	19,700	76,122	-	76,122			
Continuum of Care - HUD - Lincoln	-	17,096	-	17,096			
	-		-				
SHP - C of C - Project Passport	-	14,354	-	14,354			
Continuum of Care - LBHA SH1	-	68,926	-	68,926			
City of Corvallis	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous Donations	3,069	2,222	-	2,222			
Miscellaneous Housing Grants	1,998	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous Energy Assistance	13,457	-	-	-			
Reach FFS	12,271	-	-	-			
EHA Emergency Housing	-	222,804	-	222,804			
ESGP 10F	-	4,970	-	4,970			
ESGP - Emergency Shelter Grant	-	39,270	-	39,270			
ESGP - 12	-	134,566	-	134,566			
HOME TBA	-	188,310	-	188,310			
HSP - Housing Stabilization	-	29,182	-	29,182			
LIRHF - Low Inc. Rental Housing	-	12,991	-	12,991			
Pelican Place - Supportive Housing	-	20,298	-	20,298			
Pelican Place - Rental	23,601	-	66,495	66,495			
Pelican Place - Rental Reserve	24,000	-	-	-			
SHAP	-	86,608	-	86,608			
Tern House - Supportive Housing	-	8,253	-	8,253			
Tern House - Rental	45,013	-	29,443	29,443			
Tern House - Rental Reserve	8,544	-					
Total	\$ 390,808	\$ 4,481,375	\$ 95,938	\$ 4,577,313			

	Expenditures				
Administration	Program	Total Expenditures	Net Change in Fund Balance	Transfers	Ending Fund Balance
\$ 8,639	\$ 33,788	\$ 42,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	3,941	-	15,567
145	4,855	5,000	-	-	-
-	-	-	929	-	11,512
175,714	1,933,675	2,109,389	-	-	-
3,981	78,114	82,095	-	-	-
-	17,093	17,093	-	-	-
-	17,724	17,724	-	-	-
122,270	1,016,807	1,139,077	-	-	-
9,453	41,554	51,007	(1)	-	26,521
-	12,805	12,805	3,373	-	54,048
-	17,063	17,063	743	-	18,260
1,003	4,684	5,687	_	-	-
8,348	35,358	43,706	-	-	-
-	6,595	6,595	(6,595)	-	58,065
-	28,250	28,250	(28,250)	-	29,234
_			3,345	_	23,133
3,624	72,498	76,122		_	
859	16,237	17,096	_	_	_
934	13,419	14,353	1	_	1
754	68,926	68,926	1	_	1
	00,720	00,720		_	_
	455	455	1,767	_	4,836
-	455		(75)	-	1,923
-	15	15	(75)	-	13,457
-	-	-	-	-	12,271
49,006	173,798	222,804	-	-	12,271
49,000	4,970	4,970	-	-	-
1,084	38,186	39,270	-	-	-
3,541			-	-	-
	131,025	134,566	-	-	-
773	187,537	188,310	-	-	-
-	29,182	29,182	-	-	-
-	12,991	12,991	-	-	-
-	20,298	20,298	-	-	-
-	21,244	21,244	45,251	(12,018)	56,834
-	-	-	-	12,018	36,018
20,033	66,575	86,608	-	-	-
-	8,253	8,253	-	-	-
-	22,107	22,107	7,336	(5,600)	46,749
-	189	189	(189)	5,600	13,955
\$ 409,407	\$ 4,136,330	\$ 4,545,737	\$ 31,576	\$ -	\$ 422,384

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

WORKFORCE AND EDUCATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Revenues						
	Beginning Fund Balance	Operating Grants/ Contributions	Fees for Service	Other	Total Revenues			
CSBG	\$ -	\$ 4,559	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,559			
DCS Administration	8,109	-	-	-	-			
Garden Gnome Run	-	-	-	4,515	4,515			
DCS Residuals	15,748	-	-	-	-			
Adult Miscellaneous	2,815	-	-	1,061	1,061			
Benton Learning Center	-	-	-	-	-			
Fee for Service	23,450	251	115,895	166	116,312			
Independent Living Program	-	126,841	-	-	126,841			
OYCC - LRO	-	17,152	-	-	17,152			
OYCC - CRO Projects	-	11,111	-	-	11,111			
OYCC - NRO	-	11,111	-	-	11,111			
OYCC Benton Comm Stewardship	-	19,100	-	-	19,100			
OYCC Lincoln Comm Stewardship	-	19,600	-	-	19,600			
Benton Master Gardeners	725	-	-	-	-			
Weatherization Training PGM	-	-	105,757	-	105,757			
JOBS	-	167,629	-	-	167,629			
Back To Work Oregon	-	45,868	-	-	45,868			
Brock Home	586	-	-	-	-			
Edith Stewart Grant	26,438	-	-	-	-			
Youthbuild Donations	2,245	2,574	-	204	2,778			
YB USA - Education Mini Grant	-	-	4,965	-	4,965			
OR & ID Labor Employers Training	-	-	-	2,300	2,300			
YB Americorp 2012-2013	-	41,711	-	-	41,711			
YB Americorp 2011-2012	-	24,844	-	-	24,844			
YB USA-OJJDP Mentor 2011-12	-	13,161	-	-	13,161			
Youthbuild Fee for Service	1,652	-	21,224	26,306	47,530			
Lincoln County Charter School	45,003	4	363,820	-	363,824			
Lincoln SD - Help Homeless	-	1,694	-	-	1,694			
Lincoln County Youth Comm. Const.	951	-	-	-	-			
Mid Coast Watershed Council	-	-	-	27,211	27,211			
Lincoln County Youth - Donations	-	3,483	-	-	3,483			
WIA Adult	-	494,818	-	-	494,818			
WIA Youth	14,247	632,757	-	-	632,757			
WIA Student Enterprises	(14,247)	-	-	2,748	2,748			
WIA Dislocated Worker	-	479,999	-	-	479,999			
WIA Local Admin Activities	-	188,003	-	-	188,003			
WIA High Concentration Youth	-	16,731	-	-	16,731			
DOL SESP ARRA	-	73,503	-	-	73,503			
OGTC ARRA	-	49,488	-	-	49,488			
National Career Readiness Certificate	-	9,749	-	-	9,749			
Trust Mgmt - Summer Nat'l Resource Crew	(396)	-	-	-	-			
Juan Young Trust - Helps NRO	1,896	-	-	-	-			
Siletz Tribe Linc Nat Resource	1,115	-	-	-	-			
Spirit Mountain Community Fund	-	10,000	-	-	10,000			
James Standard Family Foundation	-	5,000			5,000			
Total	\$ 130,337	\$ 2,470,741	\$ 611,661	\$ 64,511	\$ 3,146,913			

	Expenditures				
Administration	Program	Total Expenditures	Net Change in Fund Balance	Transfers	Ending Fund Balance
\$-	\$ 4,559	\$ 4,559	\$ -	\$ -	\$
-	-	-	-	-	8,109
-	3,225	3,225	1,290	-	1,290
-	-	-	-	-	15,748
-	-	-	1,061	-	3,876
-	174	174	(174)	10,000	9,826
9,447	83,265	92,712	23,600	(10,000)	37,050
6,962	119,879	126,841	-	-	
1,715	15,437	17,152	-	-	
1,111	10,000	11,111	-	-	
1,111	10,000	11,111	-	-	
1,910	17,190	19,100	-	-	
1,960	17,640	19,600	-	-	
-	725	725	(725)	-	
8,473	78,907	87,380	18,377	-	18,377
16,762	150,867	167,629	-	-	
4,051	41,817	45,868	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	580
-	16,660	16,660	(16,660)	-	9,773
-	855	855	1,923	-	4,168
-	4,965	4,965	-	-	
-	2,300	2,300	-	-	
2,084	39,627	41,711	-	-	
1,241	23,603	24,844	-	-	
-	13,161	13,161	-	-	
85	44,404	44,489	3,041	-	4,693
33,168	308,607	341,775	22,049	(396)	66,65
-	1,694	1,694	-	-	
-	951	951	(951)	-	
(2,246)	29,457	27,211	-	-	
-	408	408	3,075	-	3,07
74,929	419,889	494,818	-	-	
56,510	573,802	630,312	2,445	-	16,692
-	5,193	5,193	(2,445)	-	(16,692
65,443	414,557	480,000	(1)	-	(1
188,003	-	188,003	-	-	,
1,673	15,058	16,731	-	-	
5,422	68,081	73,503	-	-	
5,215	44,273	49,488	-	-	
, _	9,749	9,749	-	-	
-		-	-	396	
125	-	125	(125)	_	1,77
-	1,115	1,115	(1,115)	-	, -
-	8,108	8,108	1,892	-	1,892
614	1,799	2,413	2,587	-	2,58
\$ 485,768	\$ 2,602,001	\$ 3,087,769	\$ 59,144	\$ -	\$ 189,481

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -LINN-BENTON FOOD SHARE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

				Re	venues	
	Beginning Fund Balance		Operating Grants/ ontributions	Other		 Total Revenues
Linn-Benton Food Share	\$	1,640,839	\$ 8,023,361	\$	286,927	\$ 8,310,288
GFFP		-	37,365		-	37,365
USDA Cash for Commodities		-	27,321		-	27,321
USDA Commodity Foods*		(18,560)	495,122		-	495,122
Benton County		-	21,000		-	21,000
Linn County		-	17,100		-	17,100
City of Corvallis		-	36,000		-	36,000
Trust Management Services		5,000	-		-	-
Miscellaneous Grants		125,534	28,500		-	28,500
Bank of America Foundation		14,153	-		-	-
Warehouse Building Fund		71,435	-		-	-
Warehouse Expansion Reserve		164,446	75,952		-	75,952
DEQ Matching		68,105	51,920		-	51,920
LBFS Truck Reserve		13,639	-		-	-
SHAP		-	20,374		-	20,374
CSBG		-	 106,840	_	-	 106,840
Total	\$	2,084,591	\$ 8,940,855	\$	286,927	\$ 9,227,782

*Note: The negative fund balance reflects a decrease in the amount and value of the USDA commodities.

							xpenditures	Ex		
Ending Fund Balance			TotalNet Change inExpendituresFund BalanceTransfers		Ex	Food Programs		inistration	Adm	
\$ 1,649,446	\$	(5,000)	\$	13,607	\$ 8,296,681	\$	8,259,249	\$	37,432	\$
-		-		-	37,365		36,274		1,091	
-		-		-	27,321		27,321		-	
(10,399)		-		8,161	486,961		486,961		-	
-		-		-	21,000		17,032		3,968	
-		-		-	17,100		13,607		3,493	
-		-		-	36,000		31,000		5,000	
-		-		(5,000)	5,000		5,000		-	
139,837		-		14,303	14,197		13,997		200	
-		-		(14,153)	14,153		14,153		-	
76,435		5,000		-	-		-		-	
240,398		-		75,952	-		-		-	
67,063		-		(1,042)	52,962		52,962		-	
13,639		-		-	-		-		-	
-		-		-	20,374		17,897		2,477	
		-		-	 106,840		97,100		9,740	
\$ 2,176,419	\$	-	\$	91,828	\$ 9,135,954	\$	9,072,553	\$	63,401	\$

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RESOURCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Reve	nues	
	Beginning Fund Balance	Operating Grants/ Contributions	Fees for Service	Other	Total Revenues
Housing Project Dev.	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-
Pelican Place - Foundations	(76,072)	-	-	-	-
Adair Village CDBG	18,209	-	-	-	-
Toledo CDBG	29,846	-	-	-	-
RD HPG - USDA 2011	-	29,824	-	-	29,824
CSC Reloaned Proceeds	-	-	-	15,281	15,281
RD HPG - 2012 Lincoln	-	155	-	-	155
Lincoln County Land Trust - Financial	27,778	32,415	-	128,032	160,447
Loan Repayment - CSC as Grantee	32,483	-	-	-	-
LIHEAP WX	-	600,012	-	-	600,012
BPA WX 12	-	121,869	-	-	121,869
DOE FY11 WX	-	88,952	-	-	88,952
ECHO WX	-	452,135	-	-	452,135
Duke El Paso Wx	-	30,603	-	-	30,603
OR Low Income Energy Efficiency	34,345	- -	105,821	16,835	122,656
CLPUD	3,524	-	20,421	-	20,421
Reliant Wx	-	12,846	-	-	12,846
Misc Revenue Weatherization	2,690	, _	17,500	1,085	18,585
DOE ARRA SERC	1	-	-		
Subtotal Non 501 (C) (3)	72,804	1,368,811	143,742	161,233	1,673,786
Affordable Housing	(20,699)		_		
Land Acquisition and Development	167,443	_	_	_	_
Community Land Trust	107,445	_	35,691		35,691
Community Housing Services	-	1,500	55,071	202	1,702
Lincoln Regional Loan Fund	59,452	1,500	-	44,954	44,954
Linn Benton Revolving Loan	191,103	-	-	89,280	89,280
RCAC HSG Counseling FFY12	191,105	- 19,844	-	09,200	
÷	- 17,999		-	-	19,844
Home Owner Asist Prg	17,999	18,355	-	-	18,355
NFMC - National Foreclosure Counseling	-	8,839	-	-	8,839
Self-Help Housing Ownership	82,131	-	-	-	-
SHOP - HPG Linn Match	-	-	-	-	-
SHOP Match - HPG Lincoln 2012	-	-	-	-	-
OAHAC MORTG PYMT Assistance	117,900	70,875	-	-	70,875
OHCS Pre-Mediation Foreclosure	-	47,546	-	-	47,546
CDBG City of Newport	255,240	-	-	2,520	2,520
Lincoln County CDBG 06	-	-	-		
Subtotal 501 (C) (3)	870,569	166,959	35,691	136,956	339,606
Total	\$ 943,373	\$ 1,535,770	\$ 179,433	\$ 298,189	\$ 2,013,392

				litures	Expend	
Ending Fund Balance	Transfers	Net Change in Fund Balance	Total Expenditures	Housing Rehabilitation	Weatherization	Admin
\$ (18,558	\$ -	\$ (18,558)	\$ 18,558	\$ 18,558	\$ -	-
(76,072	-	-	-	-	-	-
18,209	-	-	-	-	-	-
29,846	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	29,824	29,303	-	521
23,873	8,592	15,281	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	155	155	-	-
12,265	-	(15,513)	175,960	175,960	-	-
(18,047	(3,363)	(47,167)	47,167	47,167	-	-
-	-	-	600,012	-	546,045	53,967
-	-	-	121,869	-	106,055	15,814
-	-	-	88,952 452,135	-	80,703 401,329	8,249 50,806
-	-	-	432,133 30,603	-	28,461	2,142
-	-	(34,345)	157,001	-	134,360	2,142 22,641
1,540	-	(1,984)	22,405	-	19,039	3,366
1,540	_	(1,904)	12,846	_	11,947	3,300 899
6,800	_	4,110	14,475	_	7,969	6,506
	_	(1)	14,475	-		0,500
		(1)				1
(20,144	5,229	(98,177)	1,771,963	271,143	1,335,908	164,912
(58,733		(38,034)	38,034	38,034		
167,443	-	(38,034)		56,054	-	-
-107,443	3,363	(3,363)	39,054	36,234	-	2,820
1,323	5,505	1,323	379	379		2,020
44,651	12,458	(27,259)	72,213	70,792	_	1,421
199,975	(8,592)	17,464	71,816	70,119	_	1,697
	-	-	19,844	15,515	-	4,329
18,000	-	1	18,354	17,954	-	400
	-	-	8,839	3,295	-	5,544
27,614	(46,500)	(8,017)	8,017	8,017	-	- ,
21,262	46,500	(25,238)	25,238	24,749	-	489
(156	-	(156)	156	153	-	3
57,814	-	(60,086)	130,961	85,294	-	45,667
-	-	-	47,546	42,591	-	4,955
201,360	(12,458)	(41,422)	43,942	42,925	-	1,017
(58		(58)	58	58	-	-
680,495	(5,229)	(184,845)	524,451	456,109	-	68,342
\$ 660,351	\$ -	\$ (283,022)	\$ 2,296,414	\$ 727,252	\$ 1,335,908	5 233,254

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CHILD DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

				Reve	nues	
	Beginning Fund Balance		Operating Grants/ Contributions			Total Revenues
Head Start Oregon Pre K	\$	-	\$	512,571	\$	512,571
Head Start Building Repair		871		-		-
Miscellaneous Donations		1,702		45		45
Head Start - Body Start Play Center		-		-		-
Head Start HHS 10/11 - 9/12		-		260,632		260,632
Head Start HHS 10/12 - 9/13		-		757,801		757,801
Subtotal		2,573		1,531,049		1,531,049
Head Start in Lincoln County - 501(c)(3)		54,696		2,394		2,394
Total	\$	57,269	\$	1,533,443	\$	1,533,443

	Expen	diture	5								
Adm	Administration Program		Ex	Total cpenditures	Net Change in Fund Balance		Transfers		Ending Fund Balance		
\$	69,662	\$	442,909	\$	512,571	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		871
	-		381		381		(336)		-		1,366
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	43,097		217,535		260,632		-		-		-
	106,919		650,882		757,801	1	-		-		-
	219,678		1,311,707		1,531,385		(336)		-		2,237
	665		11,815		12,480		(10,086)		-		44,610
\$	220,343	\$	1,323,522	\$	1,543,865	\$	(10,422)	\$	-	\$	46,847

COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**RETIRED AND SENIOR VOLUNTEER PROGRAM**

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

					Re	venues		
	Beginning Fund Balance		(perating Grants/ tributions	Other		R	Total evenues
CNCS April 2012 - March 2013	\$	-	\$	63,041	\$	-	\$	63,041
Other		1,072		41		970		1,011
LB Vision Volunteer		-		-		41		41
Benton County United Way		-		4,040		-		4,040
Spirit Mountain		2,500		-		-		-
Linn United Way		-		13,315		-		13,315
City of Corvallis		-		4,583		-		4,583
SHIBA - Linn County		5,203		12,000		-		12,000
SHIBA - MIPAA		2,396		2,869		-		2,869
Senior Medical Fraud Patrol		-		12,778		-		12,778
Linn-Benton Volunteers - 501(c)(3)		8,670		4,108		3,637		7,745
Total	\$	19,841	\$	116,775	\$	4,648	\$	121,423

Admini	istration		oenditures rogram		Total penditures		Change in d Balance	Trans	fers	Ena Fund E	-
\$		\$	63,041	\$	63,041	\$		\$	_	\$	_
ψ	500	Ψ	1,583	Ψ	2,083	Ψ	(1,072)	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
	-		41		41		(1,072)		_		-
	_		4,040		4,040		-		_		-
	272		2,228		2,500		(2,500)		-		-
	324		12,991		13,315		-		-		-
	361		4,222		4,583		-		-		-
	2,335		14,868		17,203		(5,203)		-		-
	531		4,734		5,265		(2,396)		-		-
	1,654		11,124		12,778		-		-		-
	6,049		10,366		16,415		(8,670)		-		-
\$	12,026	\$	129,238	\$	141,264	\$	(19,841)	\$	-	\$	-

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Revenues			
	Beginning Fund Balance		Operating Grants		Total evenues	
CSBG Resource Development CSBG Discretionary Americorps Vista VI DHS Healthy Kids	\$ - 8,651 -	\$	92,282 1,235 80,000	\$	92,282 1,235 80,000	
Total	\$ 8,651	\$	173,517	\$	173,517	

		Exp	venditures						
Adm	inistration	Total tration Interagency Expenditures		Change in d Balance	Tran	sfers	Ending Fund Balanc		
\$	11,858 1,235	\$	80,424	\$ 92,282 1,235	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	1,641 3,727		7,010 76,273	 8,651 80,000	 (8,651)		-		-
\$	18,461	\$	163,707	\$ 182,168	\$ (8,651)	\$	-	\$	-

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of **Community Services Consortium's** comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the CSC's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how CSC's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess CSC's most significant revenue source, which is derived from grants.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which CSC's financial activities take place.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. CSC implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003 – schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

STATISTICAL SECTION

FINANCIAL TRENDS

COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,395,361	\$ 4,534,314	\$ 3,786,264	\$ 3,771,555	\$ 3,221,558
Restricted	2,709,696	2,392,488	2,272,834	2,622,005	2,709,156
Unrestricted	150,250	908,667	709,898	276,097	262,130
Total Net Position	\$ 7,255,307	\$ 7,835,469	\$ 6,768,996	\$ 6,669,657	\$ 6,192,844

Financial trend schedule: Net position by component is intended to provide the user with summary data to analyze changes in the components of net assets.

Accompanying schedule: Changes in net position provides user with additional detail for analytical purposes.

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
\$ 1,733,160	\$ 1,808,644	\$ 1,389,081	\$ 1,430,658	\$ 1,438,836
3,024,848	2,360,859	2,028,832	1,625,529	1,728,210
248,723	255,194	207,550	193,327	182,453
\$ 5,006,731	\$ 4,424,697	\$ 3,625,463	\$ 3,249,514	\$ 3,349,499

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2012	2011	2010
Expenses				
Governmental activities:				
Workforce and education	\$ 2,575,053	\$ 3,108,337	\$ 5,278,519	\$ 6,441,682
Weatherization	1,335,908	3,224,953	2,282,750	2,033,711
Emergency services	4,136,330	4,711,932	5,517,482	5,993,035
Housing rehabilitation	727,252	802,144	1,423,212	1,300,741
Child development services	1,323,522	1,311,282	1,173,940	1,596,804
Food programs	9,072,553	9,543,203	7,905,891	8,337,625
Retirement and senior volunteers	129,238	130,727	190,533	207,425
Interagency departments	163,707	281,131	234,806	376,920
Administration	2,066,891	2,218,087	2,245,267	2,237,542
Total governmental activities expenses	21,530,454	25,331,796	26,252,400	28,525,485
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Grants and contracts	20,029,785	25,460,982	25,217,647	27,850,884
Charges for services	909,850	912,288	1,125,963	1,138,336
General revenues:				
Interest	10,657	11,833	6,627	13,078
Sales of house and other assets	-	13,166	1,500	-
Total governmental activities program				
revenues	20,950,292	26,398,269	26,351,737	29,002,298
Change in Net Position	\$ (580,162)	\$ 1,066,473	\$ 99,337	\$ 476.813
change in 1101 I osmon	φ (300,102)	φ 1,000,475	φ ,,,,,,,,,,,,	φ =70,015

Financial trend schedule: Changes in Net Position is intended to provide the user with detailed information related to net position activities and changes in those activities.

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
\$ 4,403,039	\$ 4,676,578	\$ 5,578,603	\$ 5,813,186	\$ 5,161,745	\$ 4,684,032
1,344,917	884,679	854,264	1,030,992	983,601	760,895
4,886,597	3,544,412	3,043,521	2,861,134	3,149,305	2,938,519
1,398,821	1,410,755	1,412,293	1,255,650	1,614,365	1,203,684
1,401,874	1,613,622	1,376,038	1,230,250	1,028,853	1,101,090
8,394,943	7,997,334	8,652,019	7,868,476	7,671,270	6,771,974
214,813	183,752	-	-	-	-
172,454	241,844	187,082	10,792	5,687	76,312
2,165,064	1,303,150	915,494	1,548,086	1,565,015	1,490,261
24,382,522	21,856,126	22,019,314	21,618,566	21,179,841	19,026,767
24 200 222	01 605 401	21 524 612	21.041.120	10.076.456	10 650 546
24,290,332	21,625,431	21,524,612	21,041,139	19,976,456	18,658,546
1,255,349	772,544	1,137,549	944,486	1,098,952	663,173
22,948	40,185	38,127	8,890	9,791	8,539
		118,264			
25,568,629	22,438,160	22,818,552	21,994,515	21,085,199	19,330,258
<u>\$ 1,186,107</u>	\$ 582,034	<u>\$ 799,238</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ (94,642)	\$ 303,491

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2012	2011	2010	
General Fund					
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,443	
Unreserved	-	-	-	261,654	
Nonspendable	13,608	20,644	10,423	-	
Unassigned	413,917	361,590	285,203	-	
Total general fund	427,525	382,234	295,626	276,097	
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	2,914,484	
Nonspendable	318,499	432,723	345,088	-	
Restricted	2,709,696	2,392,488	2,272,834	-	
Assigned	644,842	809,659	537,832	-	
Unassigned	(177,555)		(100)		
Total all other governmental funds	3,495,482	3,634,870	3,155,654	2,914,484	
Total Fund Balance	\$ 3,923,007	\$ 4,017,104	\$ 3,451,280	\$ 3,190,581	

This schedule was modified with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, which occurred June 30, 2011.

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
\$ 89,083 173,053	\$ (17,367) 231,356	\$ 13,215 241,979	\$ 10,619 207,550	\$ 10,690 193,327	\$ 10,685 182,453
262,136	213,989	255,194	218,169	204,017	193,138
2,878,271	3,059,582	2,360,859	2,018,213	1,614,839	1,717,525
-	-	-	-	-	-
2,878,271	3,059,582	2,360,859	2,018,213	1,614,839	1,717,525
\$ 3,140,407	\$ 3,273,571	\$ 2,616,053	\$ 2,236,382	\$ 1,818,856	\$ 1,910,663

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2012	2011	2010
Revenues				
Grants and contracts	\$ 10,630,359	\$ 14,122,307	\$ 16,642,556	\$ 18,820,051
Contributions	851,903	803,226	781,713	729,103
Loan repayments	264,807	241,289	181,758	193,547
Fees for service	887,032	912,291	1,125,963	1,138,336
Commodity foods	7,882,273	8,604,144	6,916,493	7,238,221
Other	423,262	628,340	695,126	666,254
Sale of houses and other assets	-	139,540	1,500	203,708
Interest	10,656	11,833	6,627	13,079
Total Revenues	20,950,292	25,462,970	26,351,736	29,002,299
Expenditures				
Workforce and education	2,602,001	3,108,337	5,294,442	6,510,030
Weatherization	1,335,908	3,224,953	2,282,750	2,033,711
Emergency services	4,136,330	4,721,932	5,532,482	5,993,468
Housing rehabilitation	727,252	790,097	1,528,283	1,798,168
Child development services	1,323,522	1,311,282	1,173,940	1,607,747
Food programs	9,072,553	9,543,203	7,905,891	8,416,338
Retired and senior volunteers	129,238	130,727	190,533	207,425
Interagency departments	163,707	281,131	234,806	376,920
Interest expenses	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Administration	1,553,882	1,785,485	1,947,910	2,008,318
Total Expenditures	21,044,393	24,897,147	26,091,037	28,952,125
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (94,101)	\$ 565,823	\$ 260,699	\$ 50,174

2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
\$ 12,146,932	\$ 12,265,541	\$ 12,856,442	\$ 12,550,730	\$ 12,758,612	\$ 15,200,673
360,394	387,754	439,393	547,775	598,401	758,607
90,284	522,227	396,136	380,804	248,810	171,515
500,542	502,628	548,350	756,745	984,170	1,271,092
6,206,013	6,663,036	7,253,985	7,896,190	7,246,770	7,518,064
69,516	146,076	192,396	229,917	557,145	625,728
-	596,324	340,500	220,791	4,067	-
8,539	9,791	8,890	38,127	40,185	22,948
19,382,220	21,093,377	22,036,092	22,621,079	22,438,160	25,568,627
4,663,595	5,135,662	5,795,035	5,578,603	4,676,578	4,403,039
746,896	983,601	1,015,258	854,264	884,679	1,344,917
2,925,439	3,149,305	2,861,134	3,094,382	3,544,412	4,886,597
1,203,684 1,092,860	1,575,256 1,028,853	1,243,934 1,176,755	1,412,293 883,073	1,410,755 1,613,622	2,871,671 1,401,874
6,771,974	7,580,110	7,864,691	8,652,019	7,997,334	1,401,874 8,394,943
0,771,974	7,300,110	7,004,091	8,052,019	183,752	214,813
76,312	12,812	10,792	187,082	241,844	172,454
13,928	11,458	11,716	27,466	241,044	
59,505	110,772	91,165	518,388	-	_
0,000	1,592,012	1,548,086	1,033,837	1,227,667	2,011,482
1 472 574	1,0/4,014	1,540,000	1,055,057	1,227,007	2,011,702
1,472,574					
1,472,574 19,026,767	21,179,841	21,618,566	22,241,407	21,780,643	25,701,790

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE - ALL FUND TYPES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Function	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010
Grants and contracts	\$ 10,630,359	\$ 14,122,307	\$ 16,642,556	\$ 18,820,051
Contributions	851,903	803,226	781,713	729,103
Loan repayments	264,807	241,289	181,758	193,547
Fees for service	887,032	912,291	1,125,963	1,138,336
Commodity foods	7,882,273	8,604,144	6,916,493	7,238,221
Other	423,262	767,880	696,626	869,962
Interest	 10,656	 11,833	 6,627	 13,079
Total Revenues	\$ 20,950,292	\$ 25,462,970	\$ 26,351,736	\$ 29,002,299

Source: Comprehensive annual financial report.

 2009		2008		2007	 2006	 2005		2004
\$ 15,200,673	\$	12,758,612	\$	12,550,730	\$ 12,856,442	\$ 12,265,541	\$	12,404,036
758,607		598,401		547,775	439,393	387,754		360,394
171,515		248,810		380,804	396,136	522,227		90,284
1,271,092		984,170		756,745	548,350	502,628		243,438
7,518,064		7,246,770		7,896,190	7,253,985	6,663,036		6,206,013
625,728		561,212		450,708	532,896	742,400		69,516
 22,948		40,185		38,127	 8,890	 9,791		8,539
\$ 25,568,627	\$	22,438,160	\$	22,621,079	\$ 22,036,092	\$ 21,093,377	\$	19,382,220

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION - ALL FUND TYPES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

Function	2013	2012	2011	2010
Current				
Administration	\$ 1,553,882	\$ 1,785,485	\$ 1,947,910	\$ 2,008,318
Workforce and education	2,602,001	3,108,337	5,294,442	6,510,030
Weatherization	1,335,908	3,224,953	2,282,750	2,033,711
Emergency services	4,136,330	4,721,932	5,532,482	5,993,468
Housing rehabilitation	727,252	790,097	1,528,283	1,798,168
Head Start	1,323,522	1,311,282	1,173,940	1,607,747
Food programs	9,072,553	9,543,203	7,905,891	8,416,338
Retired and senior volunteers	129,238	130,727	190,533	207,425
Interagency departments	163,707	281,131	234,806	376,920
Total Current	21,044,393	24,897,147	26,091,037	28,952,125
Debt Service				
Interest	-	-	-	
Total Debt Service		-		-
Total Expenditures	\$ 21,044,393	\$ 24,897,147	\$ 26,091,037	\$ 28,952,125

Source: Comprehensive annual financial report.

 2009	 2008	 2007	 2006	 2005	 2004
\$ 2,011,482	\$ 1,227,667	\$ 1,552,225	\$ 1,639,251	\$ 1,592,012	\$ 1,476,333
4,403,039	4,676,578	5,578,603	5,795,035	5,161,745	4,684,032
1,344,917	884,679	854,264	1,015,258	983,601	760,895
4,886,597	3,544,412	3,094,382	2,861,134	3,149,305	2,938,519
2,871,671	1,410,755	1,412,293	1,243,934	1,614,365	1,203,684
1,401,874	1,613,622	883,073	1,176,755	1,028,853	1,101,090
8,394,943	7,997,334	8,652,019	7,864,691	7,625,690	6,771,974
214,813	183,752	-	-	-	-
 172,454	 241,844	 187,082	 10,792	 12,812	 76,312
25,701,790	21,780,643	22,213,941	21,606,850	21,168,383	19,012,839
 -	 -	 27,466	 11,716	 11,458	 13,928
 -	 -	 27,466	 11,716	 11,458	 13,928
\$ 25,701,790	\$ 21,780,643	\$ 22,241,407	\$ 21,618,566	\$ 21,179,841	\$ 19,026,767

STATISTICAL SECTION

REVENUE CAPACITY

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function/Program				
General Fund				
Grants and contracts	\$ 99,996	\$ 126,416	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions	12,063	11,810	8,410	5,100
Other	36,637	26,840	6,105	84
Interest	7,813	6,141	5,137	10,586
Subtotal General Revenues	156,509	171,207	19,652	15,770
Governmental activities:				
Grants and contracts	10,530,363	13,995,891	16,642,556	18,820,051
Contributions	839,840	791,416	773,303	724,003
Loan repayments	264,807	241,289	181,758	193,547
Fees for service	887,032	912,291	1,125,963	1,138,336
Commodity foods	7,882,273	8,604,144	6,916,493	7,238,221
Other	386,625	601,500	689,021	666,170
Sale of houses and other assets	-	139,540	1,500	203,708
Interest	2,843	5,692	1,490	2,493
Subtotal Special Revenues	20,793,783	25,291,763	26,332,084	28,986,529
Total Revenues	\$ 20,950,292	\$ 25,462,970	\$ 26,351,736	\$ 29,002,299

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -
2,550	1,200	954	1,016	1,321	158
2,016	1,573	87	5,659	1,011	134
22,266	39,415	37,204	8,106	8,547	6,804
26,832	42,188	38,245	14,781	10,879	7,096
15,200,673	12,758,612	12,550,730	12,856,442	12,265,541	12,146,896
756,057	597,201	546,821	438,377	386,433	360,236
171,515	248,810	380,804	396,136	522,227	90,284
1,271,092	984,170	756,745	548,350	502,628	500,542
7,518,064	7,246,770	7,896,190	7,253,985	6,663,036	6,206,013
623,712	555,572	229,830	186,737	145,065	69,418
-	4,067	220,791	340,500	596,324	-
682	770	923	784	1,244	1,735
25,541,795	22,395,972	22,582,834	22,021,311	21,082,498	19,375,124
\$ 25,568,627	\$ 22,438,160	\$ 22,621,079	\$ 22,036,092	\$ 21,093,377	\$ 19,382,220

STATISTICAL SECTION

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Date of Incorporation

Form of Government

Area by County

Benton County Linn County Lincoln County Nine-member governing board

679 square miles 2,297 square miles 992 square miles

			Per			
State of Oregon		Total Capita			Percentage of	
		Personal	Personal	Unemployment	Population Living	
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate	In Poverty	
2004	3,582,600	\$112,973,834	\$ 30,679	7.4%	14%	
2005	3,631,440	117,634,076	31,580	6.1%	14%	
2006	3,690,505	127,403,090	33,648	5.4%	13.3%	
2007	3,745,455	133,821,268	35,143	5.2%	12.9%	
2008	3,791,075	140,948,951	35,956	5.1%	13.6%	
2009	3,823,465	135,474,469	36,365	6.4%	14.3%	
2010	3,837,300	139,841,938	35,667	10.3%	15.8%	
2011	3,856,815	145,299,628	37,744	9.7%	17.5%	
2012	3,857,625	152,721,624	39,166	8.6%	17.3%	
2013	3,883,735	N/A	N/A	8.7%	N/A	
			Per			
Benton County		Total	Capita		Percentage of	
		Personal	Personal	Unemployment	Population Living	
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate	In Poverty	
2004	81,750	\$ 2,785,012	\$ 34,444	3.5%	13.0%	
2005	82,835	2,707,034	33,256	4.9%	16.6%	
2006	84,125	2,863,698	34,956	4.7%	15.3%	
2007	85,300	3,012,941	36,398	4.1%	19.3%	
2008	86,120	3,160,392	36,937	6.4%	18.5%	
2009	86,725	3,132,559	37,755	7.6%	15.6%	
2010	85,735	3,193,015	37,922	7.0%	18.9%	
2011	85,995	3,306,025	38,439	6.5%	21.8%	
2012	85,995	3,446,794	39,880	6.4%	23.4%	
2013	86,785	N/A	N/A	6.1%	N/A	

Linn County Year	Population	Total Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate	Percentage of Population Living In Poverty	
2004	106,350	\$ 2,798,188	\$ 25,361	9.3%	10.9%	
2005	107,150	2,889,447	25,739	6.9%	16.0%	
2006	108,250	3,119,012	27,190	N/A	16.8%	
2007	109,320	3,292,512	28,153	6.4%	14.0%	
2008	110,185	3,459,740	28,676	6.5%	14.1%	
2009	110,865	3,433,550	29,273	15.2%	14.6%	
2010	116,840	3,411,859	29,451	12.8%	14.9%	
2011	117,340	3,530,136	29,882	11.8%	19.2%	
2012	117,340	3,667,273	30,984	11.0%	19.8%	
2013	118,035	N/A	N/A	10.9%	N/A	
			Per			
Lincoln County		Total	Capita		Percentage of	
·		Personal	Personal	Unemployment	Population Living	
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate	In Poverty	
2004	44,400	\$ 1,312,356	\$ 27,880	8.3%	15.3%	
2005	44,405	1,345,992	28,414	6.7%	13.9%	
2006	44,520	1,438,426	30,501	6.0%	17.6%	
2007	44,360	1,497,500	31,796	5.6%	17.1%	
2008	44,715	1,557,959	32,530	6.5%	16.7%	
2009	44,700	1,565,174	33,485	10.8%	16.5%	
2010	46,135	1,550,294	33,810	10.9%	17.0%	
2011	46,060	1,611,429	35,119	9.6%	14.8%	
2012	46,155	1,678,713	36,374	8.9%	15.6%	
2013	46,295	N/A	N/A	9.3%	N/A	

Sources: Population information provided by the Center for Population and Census Research, Portland State University. Personal income and unemployment data provided by the Oregon Department of Employment and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis. Percentage of population living in poverty provided by the U.S. Census American Community Survey.

Note: Population is based on surveys conducted during the last quarter of the calendar year. Personal income information is a total for the year. Unemployment rate information is an adjusted yearly average.

COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Population						
Benton	86,785	85,995	85,995	85,735	86,725	86,120
Linn	118,035	117,340	117,340	116,840	110,865	110,815
Lincoln	46,295	46,155	46,060	46,135	44,700	44,715
Employees						
Non-management (represented)						
employees	88	107	132	128	106	100
Management (exempt) employees	19	15	23	24	27	30
Total FTE	107	122	155	152	133	130
Employees by Function						
Administration	4	6	5	5	5	5
Finance	4	4	6	6	5	5
Technology	3	3	3	3	3	2
Workforce Investment Board	-	2	2	2	2	2
Community Resource Development	3	4	3	3	2	2
Child Development Services	21	19	18	20	21	26
Workforce and Education	27	34	59	60	50	48
Emergency Services	20	22	24	22	20	17
Housing and Community Resources	16	19	25	21	15	14
Linn Benton Food Share / Gleaning	7	7	7	7	7	7
Retired and Senior Volunteers	2	2	3	3	3	2
	107	122	155	152	133	130

The data in this table will continue to be accumulated until ten years of data can be displayed.

The populations listed are preliminary estimates of populations as of June 30th of each year.

The Center for Populations and Census Research at Portland State University, which provided these estimates, notes that they are subject to change.

It is not feasible to present the level of service as the make of the individual grants dictate what services are to be provided. Grants fluctuate widely between departments and from year-to-year. CSC operates almost two hundred grants and each would have a separate measure. Additionally, many of the grants are combined to provide services to duplicative individuals.

STATE COMPLIANCE SECTION



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS 475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200, Salem, Oregon 97301 (503) 581-7788

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

CSC Governing Board Community Services Consortium Albany, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of Community Services Consortium (CSC) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2014.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether CSC's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294.900).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe CSC was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations except CSC did not formally elect a budget committee secretary as required under ORS 294.905(7).

OAR 162-10-0230 - Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered CSC's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CSC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of CSC's internal control.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management of CSC, and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bv:

Devan W. Esch, A Shareholder January 24, 2014

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Organization	Pass Through ID	Expend	ditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Emergency Food Assistance Cluster			_		
Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Program - Cash	10.568	Oregon Food Bank	unknown	\$ 2	27,321
Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Program	10.560		1	4.0	96.061
- Commodities	10.569	Oregon Food Bank	unknown		86,961
				51	14,282
Housing Preservation Grant -USDA - Lincoln	10.433	Rural Development Administration	USDA-HPG-CSC 2012-14		155
Housing Preservation Grant -USDA - Linn	10.433	Rural Development Administration	USDA-RD-HCRP-HPG-2011	2	29,823
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	Oregon Department of Education	2103001	4	47,187
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	Oregon Department of Education	2103001		29,802
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				62	21,249
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Continuum of Care	14.235	Direct	OR0075B0E051003	7	76,122
Continuum of Care HUD - Passport (Interim) 7/1/12 - 11/30-12	14.235	Direct	OR0079B0E051003	1	17,096
Continuum of Care HUD - Passport - CSC 12/1/12 - 6/30/13	14.235	Direct	OR0079B0E051004	1	14,354
Continuum of Care HUD - LBHASH1	14.235	Linn-Benton Housing Authority	OR0063B0E051002	e	68,926
Housing Counseling Assistance Program - RCAC	14.169	Rural Community Assistance Corporations	HOC13-C348		2,866
Housing Counseling Assistance Program - RCAC	14.169	Rural Community Assistance Corporations	HOC12A-C348/12	1	16,978
ESGP 10F- Emergency Shelter Grant Program	14.231	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035		4,970
ESGP 11 - Emergency Shelter Grant Program	14.231	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035		39,270
ESGP 12 - Emergency Shelter Grant Program	14.231	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035		34,566
Home Tenant Based Assistance	14.239	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035	18	88,310
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				56	63,458
U.S. Department of Justice - Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Preven	tion				
Juvenile Mentoring Program 2009-2012	16.726	Youthbuild USA	2009-FU-JX-0004	1	13,161
Total U.S. Department of Justice - Juvenile Justice and Delinquency	Prevention			1	13,161

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Federal CFDA		Pass	
U.C. Department of Labor	Number	Pass Through Organization	Through ID	Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Labor</u> Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Cluster				
Title IB - Adult - PY12	17.258	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	\$ 41.406
The ID - Adult - F 112	17.238	Development	J02014	\$ 41,400
Title IB - Adult - FY12	17.258	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	84,405
	17.230	Development	302014	04,405
Title IB - Adult - FY13	17.258	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	369,007
	17.250	Development	302014	505,007
Title IB - Local Admin - FY13- Adult	17.258	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	33,348
	17.200	Development	002011	55,510
Title IB - Local Admin - PY12- Youth	17.259	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	73,637
		Development		,
Title IB - Local Admin - PY12 - Adult	17.260	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	4,600
		Development		,
Title IB - Local Admin - PY12 - Dislocated Worker	17.260	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	8,839
		Development		,
Title IB - Local Admin - FY12 - Dislocated Worker	17.258	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	51,507
		Development		
Title IB - Local Admin - FY12 - Adult	17.258	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	16,072
		Development		
Title IB - High Concentration Youth - PY11- Youth	17.259	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	16,731
		Development		
Title IB - Youth - PY11	17.259	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	123,637
		Development		
Title IB - Youth - PY12	17.259	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	J02014	509,120
		Development		
Title IB - CSC Staff Loan to CCWD - SESP	17.275	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	IGA0472	48,016
		Development		
Title IB - CSC Staff Loan to CCWD - National Emergency	17.277	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	IGA0472	2,444
Grant (NEG)		Development		
Title IB - CSC Staff Loan to CCWD - Dislocated Worker	17.278	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce	IGA0472	49,536
		Development		

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Organization	Pass Through ID	Expenditures
Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Cluster (Continued)		Two Theorem of Summarion	In ough ID	
Title IB - Dislocated Workers - FY13	17.278	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce Development	J02014	\$ 325,275
Title IB - Dislocated Workers - PY12	17.278	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce Development	J02014	79,552
Title IB - Dislocated Workers - FY12	17.278	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce Development	J02014	75,172
Title 1B - NCRC - PY12 - DW RR	17.278	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce Development	J02014	3,899
Title 1B - NCRC - FY13 - DW RR	17.278	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce Development	J02014	5,850
Total Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Cluster				1,922,053
ARRA SESP - State Energy Sector Partnership and Training Grant - Program	17.275	Oregon Community Colleges and Workforce Development	GRNT0448	73,503
Title 1B WIA -ARRA -OGTC -Oregon Green Tech - SESP	17.275	The Oregon Consortium	PY10-R4-OGTC SESP	49,488
Total U.S. Department of Labor				2,045,044
<u>U.S. Department of Treasury</u> National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling	21.XXX	Oregon Housing and Community Services	GRNT # 01138	8,839
Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.7777	oregon mousing and community services		8,839
U.S. Department of Energy				
BPA - WX FY12	81.042	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035	121,869
BPA - Energy Education DOE - WX FY11	81.042 81.042	Oregon Housing and Community Services Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035 OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035	5,687 88,952
Total U.S. Department of Energy	01.042	Oregon Housing and Community Services	011C5 MOA 11-13 #2055	216,508
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Head Start Cluster				
Headstart 2011-12	93.600	Direct	G-10CH0155/17	260,631
Headstart 2012-13	93.600	Direct	G-10CH0155/18	710,614
Total Head Start Cluster				971,245

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Organization	Pass Through ID	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued)				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Cluster				
Housing Stabilization Program / TANF	93.558	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035	\$ 29,182
Community Services Block Grants Cluster				
Community Services Block Grant - FFY12	93.569	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035	185,714
Community Services Block Grant - FFY13	93.569	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035	60,394
Community Services Block Grant - FFY12 Discretionary	93.569	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035	1,235
Total Community Services Block Grants Cluster				247,343
LIHEAP - Low Income Energy Assistance	93.568	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 11-13 #2035	2,109,389
LIHEAP - Weatherization	93.568	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 09-11 #2035	17,093
LIHEAP - Leverage	93.568	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 09-11 #2035	17,724
LIHEAP - Education	93.568	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 09-11 #2035	82,095
LIHEAP - Weatherization - FFY13	93.568	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 09-11 #2035	343,667
LIHEAP - Weatherization - FFY12	93.568	Oregon Housing and Community Services	OHCS MGA 09-11 #2035	256,345
Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance - MIPPA	93.779	Oregon Department of Consumer and Business Affairs	SHIBA 11-12-14	17,203
RSVP -MIPAA -SHIBA	93.779	Seniors Serving Oregon Coalition (SSOC)	MIPPA 11-3	5,265
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				4,096,551
Corporation for National and Community Service				
Retired and Senior Volunteer Program - RSVP	95.002	Direct	10SRPOR003	63,041
Americorps - Youthbuild - 2012-2013	94.006	Youthbuild USA	10NDHMA0030053	41,711
Americorps - Youthbuild - 2011-2012	94.006	Youthbuild USA	10NDHMA0030053	24,844
Total Corporation for National and Community Service				129,596
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 7,694,406

Purpose of the Schedule

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) is a supplementary schedule to the Community Services Consortium's (CSC) financial statements and is presented for purposes of additional analysis. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the activities of CSC, it is not intended to and does not present either the financial position, changes in net assets or fund balances, or the operating funds' revenues and expenses.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

Federal Financial Assistance

Pursuant to the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and OMB Circular A-133, federal financial assistance is defined as assistance provided by a federal agency, either directly or indirectly, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property, interest subsidies, insurance or direct appropriations. Accordingly, nonmonetary federal assistance, including federal surplus property, is included in federal financial assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule, if applicable. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals. Solicited contracts between the state and federal government for which the federal government procures tangible goods or services are not considered to be federal financial assistance.

Major Programs

The Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and OMB Circular A-133 establish criteria to be used in defining major federal financial assistance programs. Major programs for CSC are those programs selected for testing by the auditor using a risk-assessment model, as well as certain minimum expenditure requirements, as outlined in OMB Circular A-133. Programs with similar requirements may be grouped into a cluster for testing purposes.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is fully described in notes to the financial statements. Additionally, the Schedule includes all federal programs administered by CSC for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Revenue and Expenditure Recognition

The receipt and expenditure of federal awards are accounted for under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded as received in cash or on the accrual basis where measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

COMMUNITY SERVICES CONSORTIUM NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, CSC provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Р	Amount rovided to brecipients
Workforce Investment Act - WIA			
Title 1B - Adult	17.258	\$	11,154
Title 1B - Youth	17.259		2,467
Title 1B - Dislocated Worker	17.260		8,630
DOL SESP ARRA	17.275		554
		\$	22,805



GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS 475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200, Salem, Oregon 97301 (503) 581-7788

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

CSC Governing Board Community Services Consortium Albany, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Community Services Consortium (CSC), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise CSC's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered CSC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CSC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of CSC's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of CSC's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of CSC's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether CSC's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of CSC's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

CSC Governing Board Community Services Consortium Albany, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Community Services Consortium's (CSC) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of CSC's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. CSC's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of CSC's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about CSC's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of CSC's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, CSC complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of CSC is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered CSC's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of CSC's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

from Muellar Ouch CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

January 24, 2014

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control reporting:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with	
section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	No

Identification of major program:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.568/10.569	Food Distribution Cluster
14.239	HOME TBA
17.275	State Energy Section Partnership
93.569	Community Services Block Grant
93.600	Head Start

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None